THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1869. VOL. 29.-NO. 123

LAWYERS.

WM. F. BEASLEY,
Attorney at Law,

202 JEFFERSON STREET (up stairs), between Center and Sixth, LOUISVILLE, Ky. Refers by permission to Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., Hughes, Huffman & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Heath, Lewis & Frazer, Attorneys-at Law, Spreule & McCown, Memphis. de7 1m

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,

In the Kil Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

ROBERT J. MORGAN, MILTON P. JARNAGIN, R. DUDLEY FRAYSER.

Morgan, Jarnagin & Frayser,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
No. 19 Madison Street (first door).

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds of the following States for the State of Tennessee:

Alabama,	Indiana,	Maryland,
Arkansas,	Iowa,	Michigan,
Florida,	Kentucky,	Minnesota,
Georgia,	Louisiana,	Mississippi
Illinois,	Massachusetts,	Missouri,
Kansas,	Maine,	Nebraska,
New York,	Ohio,	Pennsylvania,
Texas,	Virginia,	Wisconsin,
And other States.		de30 1m

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSO

Pike & Johnson,
COUNSELLORS,
SOLICITORS AND ADVOCATES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS FIRM, ESTABLISHED AT WASHington, (Office, 217 F Street), will attend to all cases that may be entrusted to them in the Supreme Court of the United States, and Court of Claims; and also to the recovery of claims against the Government of individuals, and to business before Congress and in the Departments.

The senior member has been a practising lawyer for thirty-two years, and is a member of the bars of the Supreme Courts of Arkansas, Louisiana and the United States. The junior, bred a lawyer, was long a Representative and Senator in the Congress of the United States, and familiar with the modes of transacting business in the Departments.

The senior, retaining his residence at Memphis, will also, as one of the firm of PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE, attend to cases in the Supreme Courts of Arkansas and Tennessee, and in the United States Courts and Chancery Court at Memphis. nov28 1f

CHAS. A. CHOATE,
COUNSELOR AT LAW
-AND-
Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty. nov21 1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—I have a Tract of Land, 40 acres, near the Old State Line road, 7½ miles from Memphis, well improved, with a good young Orchard of Peaches, Apples, Pears and Cherries, an extra fine Well of Water, which I wish to sell for cash. This place is in an excellent neighborhood, near Mr. J. J. Smith and Geo. C. Holmes. Inquire on the premises, or of Norment & Graves, No. 4 Howard's Row. de6 1m daw ROBT. W. NORMENT.

Notice.

ON and after this date we will not be responsible for any goods purchased out, except by order of either member of the firm.

A. ZEESSEL & SON,
Memphis, January 1, 1869. jal

NOTICE.

AN election will be held by the Stockholders of the Merchants National Bank, at the banking house on MONDAY, January 25, 1869, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., to elect Nine Directors for said Bank for the ensuing year.

de27 1m H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between C. W. Sturdivant, J. A. Nevills and F. G. Lawhorn, under the firm name of C. W. STURDIVANT & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual agreement. C. W. Sturdivant having purchased the entire interest of the retiring partners will continue the Grocery and Commission business at the old stand, No. 182 Front street. He alone is authorized to wind up the affairs of the late firm, and is responsible for the liabilities of said firm.

C. W. STURDIVANT,
J. A. NEVILLS,
F. G. LAWHORN.
January 1, 1869. jal

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the DeSoto Insurance and Trust Company of Memphis, that there will be an election held at the office of the Company

On Monday, January 11, 1869,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., for the purpose of electing Seven Directors for the ensuing year.

J. G. LONSDALE,
jal Secretary.

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornices, stairways, and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building 50 by 70 feet, with center projections on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with clerestories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, belfry and dome.

Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the contract to be completed by the first of January, 1872, and the payments to be made accordingly, 1870, 1871 and 1872, reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to govern the payments.

RILEY KINMAN,
Jackson County, Ark.
dec2 1m Sheriff.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the German National Bank of Memphis that there will be an Election held a Banking House on

Tuesday, January 12th, 1869,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., for the purpose of choosing Seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year.

de17 td MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashier.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the firms of Matthews, Judson & Co., and Judson & Co. to the remaining partners, I am no longer a member thereof. They assume all the indebtedness of said firms, and are alone authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

R. G. MATTHEWS.
Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1868.

The business of said firms will continue as heretofore by the undersigned, remaining partners, under the name and style of JUDSON & CO., who assume the liabilities of said firms, and who alone are authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

A. B. JUDSON,
T. H. JUDSON,
J. C. ALEXANDER.

Memphis, November 28, 1868.

In retiring from said firms I respectfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.
nov29 1m R. G. MATTHEWS.
Ledger, Bulletin and Post copy.

Four Plantations for Sale or Rent.

THREE Plantations, containing about 800 acres each, together with stock, corn, fodder, implements, etc., on same. These farms are situated about twenty miles from Memphis, Pleasant Hill, DeSoto county, Mississippi. The other farm contains about 1500 acres, and is situated in Ashley county, Arkansas. For terms apply to me, near Pleasant Hill, Miss.

T. A. MAXWELL.

Refer to F. M. Anderson & Co. and Taylor & Anderson, Memphis, Tenn. de24 1m

Notice to Property Owners.

ALL and every one desirous to have Slate Roofs put on or repaired can have it promptly and satisfactorily done by leaving orders on my slate at John Reid's Carpenter and Builder's shop, on Jefferson, between second and Third streets, in the rear of No. 62.

W. N. MONTGOMERY.
jal

ARKANSAS.

Full Account of the Fulton County Murders.

Horrible Outrages of Missouri Desperadoes.

The Fulton county raids and murders, says the Little Rock *Gazette*, have already been laid before the public, but there is an additional chapter and a moral. The original cause of the outrages seems to have been an old grudge, originating long before the war, between one Simpson Mason, a shoemaker, and a family of Martins. What the cause of difference was, or whether or not the cause was subsequently aggravated does not appear, and in fact is immaterial, since the first shedding of blood occurred in the spring of 1864, when a party of men, alleged to have been led by Mason took James Martin and his son from their home and deliberately shot them down. It is unpleasant to rake up old scores, but the reference is pertinent to the conclusion. A few days later Frank Martin was taken from his home at the head of Polk bayou, in Independence county, conducted about a half mile into the woods and shot down in the same manner. On the 11th of June, 1865, subsequent to the surrender, a party of twenty men led by Mason killed in a similar manner Sam. Pogue and John Hollingsworth. These two men were taken about one and a half miles into the woods and shot down. The four murdered men, who were residents of Fulton county, now lie buried together in the same churchyard. In September last Simpson Mason was himself shot down while passing along the road, by unknown parties. Soon after this the Sheriff of Fulton county made several arrests, and a desperado named Monks, from across the Missouri line—Fulton county joins Missouri—made his appearance so suddenly with a gang of men as to induce the belief of preconcerted action. Monks, under pretence of assisting the sheriff in the enforcement of the law, took possession of the prisoners, but released them on a writ of *habeas corpus* issued from the Circuit Court of that county, Judge Baxter presiding. One of these, Uclah B. Nash, fared unfortunately. He was delivered to Deputy sheriff Turner after dark and shot down by a party of men in disguise, who are believed, on the strongest evidence, to have been a portion of Monks' band. Monks then retired across the Missouri border, too late for a posse of about 300 citizens, who gathered and offered their services as a posse, to reach him, if indeed the sheriff would have consented to avail himself of their services at all. It is believed, of course, that he would not, but a plausible excuse must suffice for a test of the question, and the sheriff is welcome to its benefit.

Things matters rested until the 22d of November, when one Col. Dale suddenly made his appearance with about one hundred militia, gathered up in Fulton and adjacent counties, and a few days later he was joined by Monks, with a band of from ten to twenty-five Missourians. This force made its headquarters at Talbert's mill, in the northwestern portion of Fulton county, and after quieting apprehensions in some measure by treating the citizens fairly, they soon openly commenced a raid on the people of a character seldom if ever outdone in time of war. Squads of from ten to twenty or thirty, scouted the country far and near, taking horses, clothing, provisions of every sort, robbing, stealing and plundering generally. Necessity does not seem to have limited the unlawful acts of these desperate men. The waste caused will doubtless far exceed what was required, and the terrorism spread far and near, resulting in a great portion of the citizens leaving their homes and neglecting their crops and business. On the 13th, we learn from private communications they were still there. Thus for nearly a month, an hundred and thirty or forty men, as we are informed, half fed and half clad, have supplied their wants in the way of food, clothing and horses, and have plundered and robbed indiscriminately to satisfy cupidity and private revenge.

There is no excuse or palliation for these acts. We do not need Missouri border-ruffians to assist in maintaining the peace, even if they came by authority, and the sudden and unofficial manner in which the militia made its appearance is inexcusable even if good was intended by it. When acts like these are to end, none can tell. Thus far, the sufferers in this revengeful work of blood and carnage have been "rebels," with the single exception of Simpson Mason, who claimed to be a union man, and who committed his bloody acts under that cloak. The dead, and the past, should rest in peace, but for their inseparable connection with the present. We shall be glad to see this work remain as it is, and justice meted out to the offending.

AN AMERICAN BELLE.

What She is in Contrast with the Metternich.

The *Herald's* Paris correspondent adds: As I ever record the names of every rising star in the fashionable world, I may not forget that of Mme. Moulton, who was the heroine of Compeigne a week ago. She is an American and gifted by nature with a lovely "physique," as the Parisians say, and a splendid voice. Mme. de Metternich and herself have got up a musical *olla podrida*, which is called Moulton-Compeigne. The American belle does all the singing and the Ambassadress of Austria all the accompaniment. It was heard for the first time on the night of the *danse macabre*. Mme. Moulton dresses with more elegance than the French, or perhaps she carries off dress better than Parisian ladies do. She is brune, her hair is raven black, and she wears it in long, opulent curls. She is admirable in that pale gauze called "nymph's thigh," and, shrouded in white tulle, and when seated by the blonde Duchesse d' Albuquerque, who powders her hair and always looks vaporous, the two extremes of beauty in a blonde and a brune are enough to make a man wish it were not illegal to have two wives, one of each sort.

REVIVALS.

Spurgeon Converting Children

The Pall Mall *Gazette* protests against the "children's revivals" that have lately been held in Mr. Spurgeon's Tabernacle: "The motive is, of course, excellent; but the agency employed is simply shocking. A large number of children are brought together; their feelings are excited by fervid descriptions of the most sacred events, and when the announcement is put forth, 'The wards of children converted.' It has been stated that several of these meetings a hammer and nails and a crown of thorns were exhibited. A show of hands was also asked for from those 'who had found Jesus.' A correspondent of a cotemporary asserts that on one of these occasions only a few children held up their hands; the poor creatures probably did not understand what the 'revivalist' meant. He then put the question in another form: 'If dear Mr. Newman Hall were to invite all of you to tea who had found Jesus this week, how many would there be?' Hold up your hands. Instantly, adds the writer, 'some three or four hundred hands were hoisted in the air, so rapid was the process of conversion.' All this was very scandalous, and Mr. Spurgeon, who is a kind-hearted and sensible man, ought to put a stop to it. Some doctor has warned the promoters of the meetings that the excitement must be attended with much danger to the children. But it does not need this suggestion to condemn proceedings manifestly cruel in their effects upon children's minds."

GEORGIA.

Particulars of the Late Negro Outrages.

Sheriff and Officers Surrounded by a Mob and Robbed.

From the Savannah News, 30th.]

We published, on Thursday last, an account of the disorderly conduct of negroes on the Ogeechee plantations, and of their robbing and shooting at the watchmen on the plantations of Maj. J. M. Middleton and Capt. J. F. Tucker. Warrants charging some seventeen negroes with larceny and assault with intent to murder were issued by Justice Philip M. Russell, jr., and placed in the hands of Sheriff Dooner, who intended to execute them on Saturday last, but was delayed. Knowing the desperate character of many of these Ogeechee negroes, and feeling confident that they would desperately resist being taken by any civil posse, Sheriff Dooner concluded to call upon the military for aid. He, with other gentlemen, called upon Maj. Perkins, then commanding this post, and he was furnished with an affidavit, of which the following is a copy:

State of Georgia, Chatham County: Before me, Philip M. Russell, jr., a notary public and ex-officio justice of the peace, in and for said county and State, personally appeared James Dooner, Sheriff of said county, who being duly sworn, says that he has warrants for the arrest of seventeen persons of color, charged and accused on oath with the offenses of an assault with intent to murder, and larceny; that they are all country negroes, residing on plantations outside of the city, and that he feels himself totally powerless to execute said warrants without the aid of the military authorities, and asks a detachment of United States soldiers to the number of ten or twenty, to aid him in the discharge of his duty, and in the execution of laws.

[Signed] JAMES DOONER,
Sheriff Chatham County.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of December, A. D. 1868.

P. M. RUSSELL, jr.,
N. P. and ex-officio J. P. C. C., Ga.

Upon the receipt of this, Maj. Perkins felt authorized to act in the premises, and promised to furnish the men whenever the Sheriff might call for them. Subsequently, however, the promise was revoked, and the Sheriff informed that under the existing state of public affairs, no action could be taken by the military until every means and all energies of the civil authorities had been exhausted, and they proved powerless to act in the matter. This is the substance of the communications on the subject.

Thinking that perhaps it would be better to execute the warrants without show of force, as he could not have the assistance of the military, Sheriff Dooner determined to go to the Ogeechee, accompanied by two officers only, and by kindness and persuasion, endeavor to secure the enforcement of the laws. Accordingly he left by the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad train yesterday morning, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff M. Dooner and special officer Julius Kaufman. They arrived at Station No. 1 at about twenty minutes to eight o'clock, where they found horses in readiness to convey them to their place of destination.

The officers went up the Ogeechee river to Hayward's plantation, about five and a half miles from the station, where Sheriff Dooner exhibited his warrants to the overseer, who brought in five of the persons named therein. To these men the warrants were read, the matter explained to them, and they were assured of good treatment if they would go quietly, and they were left with the overseer, under notice to be at the station in time to go to Savannah on the down train. The officers then went to the New Hope plantation, owned by Miss Elliott, to arrest other parties.

An old negro named Solomon Farley makes his headquarters at this place. He is President of a Union League, and always in some kind of mischief. Last year, when military investigating parties were sent to the Ogeechee, Solomon was frequently before them. He appears to be a great rascal. His name was upon one of the warrants, and the sheriff proceeded to arrest him. Farley was in the negro settlement, and when the sheriff read the warrant, he exhibited considerable reluctance about obeying it, but finally said he would go, but adding that he was not secured yet. Before going Solomon drew something upon a slip of paper and handed it to his wife, who started off up the canal upon receiving it. He also gave similar slips to other darkies, who followed the woman's example. These actions being observed by the officers, the sheriff ordered Solomon to stop doing so.

The officers, with Solomon in charge, then went off to the railroad station, where they arrived at half past two in the afternoon. They partook of some lunch, and offered Solomon a share of their provisions as an evidence of their intention to treat him kindly. The negro put a sandwich in his pocket, and said he would remember the officers. While eating lunch the sheriff and his companions noticed a number of negroes up the road. Farley said they were the five who had been arrested and notified to be at the station. The number of negroes soon increased, and a colored boy said they were drilling. Farley said, "Hush up! they are not drilling," and waved his hat to the crowd.

In about fifteen minutes there was a great mob of the negroes in the road, armed with guns and other weapons. About two hundred, it is estimated, were present. Sheriff Dooner told Farley to go to the men and tell them that he had warrants for the arrest of Farley and others, and wanted to do his duty quietly, and without disturbance or injury to any one, and that he would treat the prisoners kindly. Farley went about thirty yards up the road, then returned and said that he did not know the men, and was afraid to go to them. He was again sent out, and, after going about the same distance, returned, and said that he had no control over the men, and he advised the officers to go back to Savannah as soon as possible. Some women passed by directly afterward, and Solomon sent them up to the crowd.

Perceiving that the crowd designed attacking them, and being almost powerless against so large a number, the officers left the station and started in the direction of Savannah. The crowd of negroes followed, yelling like a pack of demons. About two hundred yards from the station the officers took refuge in a house belonging to Mr. Willis. When the negroes came up the negroes on the place told where the Sheriff and deputies were, and the crowd at once surrounded the house. Sheriff Dooner favored barricading the doors and windows, and fighting as long as they could hold out, but yielded to the advice of the others, who thought that the negroes would fire the house in case such a course was pursued.

The negroes were armed with muskets, axes, clubs, etc. They were very excited, disorderly, and threatening. The sheriff addressed them in a conciliatory manner, to which they replied that they didn't care for the Sheriff or anybody else. The three officers had come out of the house at this time, and they were immediately surrounded by the negroes, who demanded their arms and warrants. They leveled muskets and pistols at the time, and, seizing them, took their arms, the warrants, money, and whatever else of value they had about them.

A small pistol, which Sheriff Dooner had in a side pocket of his coat, was overlooked, and was the only thing not stolen. The negroes then went off in the direction of Station No. 1. A boy came to the officers and advised them

TO THE PUBLIC

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1 ; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $1 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one-sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates.
Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 12½ cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 6, 1869

An able eulogy upon the late Judge HUMPHREYS, by Judge THOS. R. SMITH, has been unavoidably crowded over for to-morrow's edition.

TAX-PAYERS OPPOSED TO THE SALE OF THE LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD STOCK.

The following named gentlemen and firms, to be recognized as among the most *solvent and successful* in the city; who, by their present prosperity, *have given earnest to this public of their ability to take care of their own affairs*, in a petition against the unnecessary sale of the city's Little Rock railroad stock, said: "We think it unwise and bad policy for the city to part with her interest in this and other roads, and protest against any sale of the city's stock."

Jno. T. Stratton, Newton, Ford & Co.,	E. M. Apperson & Co.,
J. T. Pettit,	W. M. Farrington,
John Harbert,	F. W. Smith,
Wm. L. Vance,	I. M. Hill,
Partee & Harbert,	W. F. Hardin,
Jno. S. Toof,	J. G. Lonsdale,
Jas. Phelan,	Galbreath, Stewart & Co.,
W. F. Boyle,	A. Vaccaro,
J. H. Edmondson,	Mosby & Dorion,
H. Wade & Co.,	Clark, Ely & Co.,
Mansfield & Higbee,	Elliott & Co.,
A. A. Edmonds,	W. O. Williams,
M. L. Meacham,	F. M. Mahan,
Jas. T. Bourne,	A. S. Mitchell,
F. Titus,	Wm. M. Perkins.
Alf. G. Tuther,	

These gentlemen and firms may be assured of the support of the public in their prompt opposition to a scheme that will prove more productive of regrets (if allowed to be consummated) than the sale of the stock in the Charleston road—an error that has cost Memphis a voice in the dictation of the conduct and policy of that great corporation.

NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.

The question of the legal liability of lots and lot owners for the payment of the assessment, made by the city to pay for the Nicholson pavement, came before his honor, WM. M. SMITH, Judge of the Chancery Court, recently, upon a demurrer filed in the cause by the defendant. The Chancellor decided adverse to the lot owners and in favor of the contractors; in other words, he overruled the demurrer.

This decision is of great interest to the people of Memphis, establishing as it does the authority of the city, under the law, to contract for the improvement of the streets, and assess the lot owners per front foot for the same.

It will now be a question of interest to the people how to meet this assesement. The work is done; and, according to the decision the lot or lot owners will have to pay for it. The cheapest way, to our mind, to get rid of this burden (for burden it is), will be to pay the assesment by installments per month or quarter. The property liable for the tax is, in a great many cases, all that the owner possesses; it will, therefore, be hard for such to meet the pressing obligation, save by the adoption, with the permission of the contractors, of the plan above suggested. We think, in the interest of property-holders and contractors, that this, the least expensive, is the best way to adjust this matter, and we hope it will be adopted promptly.

FROM GRANT.

What purports to be the result of an interview with Gen. GRANT, by a Louisiana Judge, will be found on our first page. It will here, as it has elsewhere, attract attention. Emanating from so intolerant a Radical source as the St. Louis *Democrat*, it must be taken with many grains of allowance. What of it will most strike the Southern reader with astonishment is the admission of the Louisiana Judge that "*there is* (in the South) *a GENERAL tendency to secure the services of the negroes without prompt and adequate compensation*;" and an unwillingness on the part of land owners to divide up and sell their lands. How so unmitigated a falsehood could find utterance from Gen. GRANT and be tacitly consented to by a Louisiana Judge, passes our comprehension. If Gen. GRANT is, as we suppose, a constant reader of one of FORNEY'S two journals, (the Washington *Chronicle*,) he will realize in its first column that lands in the South are being so freely offered for sale, and so freely sought for, that the Clerk of the Senate has opened a "land bureau" in connection with his newspaper office in Washington, and flatters himself that it will shortly pay better than the *Chronicle* and the *Press* together, with the perquisites of the Senate thrown in. The general content of the negroes throughout the South and the fact that, without the interference of the Freedman's Bureau, contracts on a liberal and equitable scale have been entered into by planters with their laborers, are patent to all down this way, and fully refute the slander that this virulent correspondent puts in the mouth of Gen. GRANT. It is impossible to believe that the President-elect, so noted for his reticence, would at once, and so abruptly expressive to the most Radical sentiments as to our people. He is a man of varied experience in life, and must know that, whatever the prejudices of the peple of the South, they are too shrewd and practical not to avail themselves of any honorable means of money-making that may offer. The "trading spirit," so characteristic of Americans generally, is not so quiescent in the South that her people will refuse a bargain simply for the reason that the money comes from a Yankee, a Mormon or an Alaskan. If we could believe such a speech as this possible from GRANT, we should despair of the peace which he has time and again, in his terse way, insisted it was his determination to restore.

THE PRESS.

Mayor LEETWICH, last evening, committed the fatal blunder of attempting a sneer at the press, a blunder that may cost him as much in the future as his smooth speeches have won for him in the past. He is old enough, and ought to be wise enough, to know that he, and every other public man, lives by the press; and he should remember that there is no surer way of enlivening its "stale columns" (stale to him, perhaps, for want of very recent use) than by such ill requital for services rendered him not many weeks since, as is contained in the petulent words that opposition to a pet scheme begat. No man, however high his position, or however seemingly safe in his own esteem from public accountability, can long escape a press determined upon discovering his weaknesses, his follies or his faults. The press of the city in opposing this sale of the city's railroad bonds but consulted the public determination; and it was by their authority that the secret meetings of the Board of Aldermen, for that purpose, were fittingly and properly denounced as star-chamber proceedings.

WHAT HE BUYS.

The purchasers of the city's Little Rock Railroad stock will receive for the $100,000 which they propose to pay the city, a controlling portion of the following:

City Railroad (Little Rock) bonds	$ 650,000
Arkansas State aid	1,200,000
First Mortgage bonds, 8%	320,000
Debt due Railroad by United States	360,000
160,000 acres of land at $1 25	187,500
Making a total of	$2,707,500

But this is not all. We understand that the road from Little Rock to Fort Smith, and all the branches, with their accumulations of State and other appropriations of lands and money, will fall into their eager clutches if this bargain so enthusiastically championed by the Mayor is carried out. That's the milk in the cocoa nut.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION CALLED FOR.

In view of the recent frequent assaults upon the city's railroad stock, and the star-chambering proceedings of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, it has been suggested, and the suggestion, we understand, meets with much favor, to organize a "Citizens' Association," similar to that of New York, whose chief business it will be to note all appropriations, sales, purchases, bargains and contracts of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen; closely investigate their origin and purpose, and report through the "stale columns" of the press to the people, who, *we* think, have a right to be apprised of and consulted before their property is secretly sold; as in the case of the Little Rock Railroad bonds, worth, principal and interest paid, at least $800,000. We hope that, with the defeat of this scheme to-day, all pressing emergency for such an organization will be dissipated. If, however, members of the Board will prove recreant to their trusts, and barter for a song what has cost their constituents so much of labor as well as money; then we hope such an association will be forthwith organized; that its first duty will be to investigate this transaction and hold up to merited scorn and contempt, any city officer found to have favored it.

WHAT ARE GOOD AND SUFFICIENT REASONS?

The Mayor in his Message, presented to the Board last evening, after announcing the sale of the city's stock in the Little Rock Railroad, (so far as he, the City Attorney and Chairman of the Finance Committee could make it), stated that this was done for two good and sufficient reasons:

First. Because the money it will bring is needed to pay debts that cannot from any other known source be provided for.

Second. Because the sale insures the completion of the road in one year, a desideratum not otherwise to be obtained.

First. With all our respect for His Honor we must say that these amount to just no resons at all. For if he and the Board will exercise the authority vested in them by the charter and ordinances, as well as State laws, and collect the delinquent taxes (amounting to $350,000) now past due by the parties to whom he alludes as "largely indebted to the city," our pressing debts can more than be provided for.

Second—As to the completion of the Little Rock Railroad, we fail to realize, and the public will fail to realize, why it is that so desirable an end can be most speedily accomplished by Memphis selling her stock in that enterprise. The arguments that were used to procure a subscription of stock from her in the inception of the undertaking are as pressing to-day as they were then. Again, this sale is not necessary, for the second reason assigned by the Mayor, inasmuch as the speedy completion of the road has already been guaranteed by the subscription of the State of Arkansas, amounting to $1,300,000; which, together with 150,000 acres of land, $300,000 due this road by the United States and $300,000 of first mortgage bonds, is what, after all, is "in sight" for the contractors. We repeat, there is no necessity for the sale of this stock; and the people of Memphis will hold to a strict accountability (*narrowly scanning the reasons for such action*) all who vote for it. *The interests, the true interests of Memphis imperatively demand that her stock in the Little Rock Railroad shall be retained; shall not, under any pretext, however sophistically presented, be parted with to any man, ring or combination.*

FOREIGN.

PARIS, January 5.—*La Patria* says Russia urges the Conference to meet to prevent an expulsion of the Greeks from the Ottoman Empire. It intimates also that the Turkish representative will leave, if this point is urged, and warns Russia against another Crimean war.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 5.—The case of the Greek steamer Erosis will be adjusted by a commission.

MADRID, January 5.—The Spanish Government has arrested and punished four of the insurgents who fired into a party of refugees while under the protection of the American flag.

LONDON, January 5.—Telegraphic reports have been received from Alexandria of an earthquake at Tobrze, a Persian city of 60,000 inhabitants. On Sunday last the shocks are said to have been most violent, but no lives were lost.

Dr. Livingston, the African explorer, is safe in the vicinity of Lake Nizzi.

FLORENCE, January 5.—The country is now perfectly tranquil. The recent disturbances, caused by the collection of the taxes on hops, were soon quieted.

MAINE.

AUGUSTA, January 5.—The Legislature of Maine will convene on Wednesday. The question of the United States Senatorship is attracting great attention. The candidates are Hon. T. M. Morrell and Hon. Hannibal Hamlin. The contest promises to be a hard one, but present indications point to the nomination of Mr. Hamlin.

By Telegraph.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 5.—The Senate met at noon. A quorum was present. After organizing, Mr. Morton offered a joint resolution forbidding the landing of any submarine cable in any part of the tegritory of the United States, without the consent of Congress. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Ferry offered a resolution requesting the President to transmit a copy of his late amnesty proclamation, with a statement of the authority by which it was issued. He said that he offered the resolution because, although he favored the amnesty, he doubted the right of the President to grant it in this sweeping way, and he wished to have the question settled.

Mr. Howard said that he was very glad that the attention of the Senate had been called to the question, as it was important that the people of the United States should know it if the President had such a dispensing power as is implied in the issuing of the proclamation. He believed that the assumption of such a power by the Executive was entirely unwarranted by the Constitution.

Mr. Ferry said that he approved of the amnesty, but doubted if the authority existed for the President to extend it in that way, and so offered his resolution with a view of the prevention of the establishment of such a dangerous precedent. After considerable debate between Frenilinghuysen and Conkling against it, and Davis and Doolittle in favor of it, it was adopted.

Mr. Stewart introduced a bill to enable the people of Georgia to form a State Government, republican in form. Referred to the Judiciary Committee. It provides for the repeal of so much of the act of June 5, 1868, as relates to Georgia, and making the Government of the State provisional only, and subject to the act March 2, 1867, and all officers elected under the proposed Constitution of the State who are disfranchised by the 14th amendment, or any of the acts before mentioned, except members of the Legislature, shall continue in office until the State shall be fully restored. It further provides that such members of the Convention elected under the laws of Congress to form a State Constitution, as are not disfranchised, and shall assemble on the first Monday in March next with all powers to alter or amend said Constitution, or in any manner not in conflict with the laws of Congress and the Constitution of said State as amended shall be submitted to the people at such time as the committee may appoint, and on the ratification or rejection of said amended Constitution, such persons and no others shall vote as may be described in said Constitution, provided no person shall be excluded from voting on account of race or color; and when said Constitution shall have been ratified by a majority of the votes it may be submitted for the consideration of Congress.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill entitled "An act to provide a National Currency, secured by the pledge of public stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof." Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Section one of the bill makes it unlawful for any bank organized under the said act to pay or receive interest on money in any form, on account of a deposit, by, with, or in account of any other bank, corporation or individual; provided, however, that the State, city or town treasurers may receive interest on their deposits in any bank or banks.

Section two prohibits any bank officers from certifying as good, any check, draft or note of issue, certificate of deposit, or other evidence of debt, unless at the time of such certificate or issue, the whole amount so certified is in the actual possession of said bank, payable on demand.

Section three provides that hereafter all deposits in behalf of the United States in any National Bank, shall be special deposits, and not to be used by said bank for loans or discounts, but held subject to draft by the Treasurer of the United States, or other disbursing officers, and such deposits shall not be subject to taxation.

Section fourth provides that the Comptroller of the currency may, at any time, call on any Banking Association for a statement of its affairs, on any past day, to be by him specified; and such report shall be made within five days of the requisition thereof, with a penalty of $100 for every day's delay of such report after the said five days, and an abstract of such report shall be published by the Comptroller in a newspaper in the city of Washington, and a report of each separate Association shall be published in a newspaper in the place where the Association is established, or in the nearest place thereto, and such publication to be at the expense of the Association making said report. Each Association is required to report to the Comptroller on the first Tuesday of each month the condition of the Association on the preceding day, said report to be made a report of the loans, specie deposited, and circulation.

Mr. Conklin introduced a bill to authorize the New York, New Foundland and London Telegraph Company to land one or more submarine cables upon the shores of the United States, and to maintain and work such cable or cables for the transmission of messages and intelligence between the United States and Europe, or any other international places, during the existence of said Company's charter. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

After some further unimportant business the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Washburne, of Illinois, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Consular and Diplomatic appropriation bill.

The Speaker laid before the House the special report of Commissioner Welles, of the Revenue Department. A resolution to print extra copies of it was referred to the Committee on Printing.

Mr. Butler presented a bill to secure and protect the freedom of transit in the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Numerous resolutions of inquiry were passed and various bills referred.

Mr. Kelly reported a bill that a civilian may be appointed chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering. Passed.

The House then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and took up the President's message of 1867. After some discussion the Committee rose and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 5.—At noon to day the members of the Printers' Grant and Colfax Club, numbering about one hundred, called at the headquarters of the army for the purpose of presenting to Gen. Grant a congratulatory letter from their club, which had been engrossed on parchment and signed by all the members and neatly framed. Gen. Grant met them in the reception room at headquarters, and after a short speech from Chas. E. Lathrop, the foreman of the public printing office and President of the Club, the members were individually presented and shook hands with Grant, and at the conclusion of this formality he said:

"I thank you for this manifestation of your sentiments. I do not know of anything that I can say more than that, I am glad to have the support of all classes, and particularly of those who are finding employment under the Government. I hope there will be nothing in my course hereafter to make you regret the present you have seen fit to give me."

There was considerable excitement in the upper part of the city to-day in consequence of two negroes being found dead in their beds in the residence of the French Minister, a large crowd surrounding the house. Reports were current that they were either suffocated or poisoned.

Gen. Spinner still remains very unwell, and unable to be at his desk at the Treasury Department.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, January 5.—The river is rising, with twelve feet three inches in the canal.

The weather is clear and delightful.

ST. LOUIS, January 5.—The river has risen eight inches, with eight feet to Cairo.

Tonnage to New Orleans is abundant. Freights on flour, 40c; and pound freights, 25c.

The Bismarck, Mary Forsyth, Atlantic and barges arrived. The W. R. Arthur, Bee and barges departed.

CINCINNATI, January 5.—Arrived, Armadillo and Belle Vernon from New Orleans. Departed, Mary Doridge for New Orleans. The river has been rising at the rate of one inch per hour, with 36 feet in the channel at 6 p. m. The weather is clear, cool and pleasant.

CAIRO, January 5.—The river rose 16 inches. The weather is clear and mild. Up—Olive Branch, Cooks.

Down—City of Alton, 11 p.m. last night; Emma No. 3, 1 a.m.; Sam. J. Hale, 7 a.m.

ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 5.—The Legislature convened to-day and Gov. Hoffman delivered his message. It states that the State debt at the end of the fiscal year was $38,804,448, which the sinking funds, if not diminished, will at the present rate of application extinguish within nine years.

He says he thinks there is a manifest disposition on the part of Congress to control and regulate suffrage in all the States, which he deprecates as a step in the direction of centralization of power in the general Government unwarranted by the Constitution. He denounces the reconstruction measures of Congress, and concludes by saying that while upholding the principles of his party, he will support the Executive of the United States in every political effort for the common welfare of our common country.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK January 5.—Cotton 27¾c. Flour 5@10 better; superfine 27@7 35. Whisky 98c. Wheat 2@3c better. Corn 88@91 92. Rice dull. Cuba sugar 11½@12c.

Dry Goods—Heavy brown sheetings 15@16c. Brown shirtings 12½ to 25c for common to fine. Bleached fancy styles dark prints 12½@35c.

Money—The market is stringent at 7 for call loans. Close observers profess to see indications of relaxation in the stringency. The Open Board and Stock Exchange have abolished the buying and selling of money within the building. Some of the large banks report that their receipts of currency from Chicago are in excess of their remittances south, and it is reported that they will increase. Sterling firmer at 9½@9¾. Gold 34¾@35. State banks more active. New Tennessee 65¾@66; old 64¾@65¾.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, January 5.—Cotton higher; middlings 25¾@26c; sales 5700 bales; receipts 8168 bales; exports 1484 bales. Gold 35. Sterling 48½. Commercial 45¾@46. New York sight ½@¾c discount. Flour steady; superfine 27 50@XX $7 75; XXX $8. Corn dull; white 77@78c; yellow 80c; sales dull at 79c. Bran dull at $1 37. Hay, prime, 3 50@27. Pork active and excited, $30. Bacon scarce and quiet; shoulders 14¾c; sides 18@18¾c. Lard firm; tierces held at 19½c; kegs 20c. Sugar and molasses active and buoyant; common sugar 9@9½; prime 12¾@12¾c; yellow clarified 13½c. Common molasses 35@38c; prime 60@65c; choice 68@70c. Whisky dull and lower; retailed $1 12½. Coffee quiet; fair 14¾c; prime 16¾@16¾c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, January 5.—Family flour $7 50@7 75. Wheat $1 73@1 75. Corn 69c. Oats 46@46c. Cotton 25¾@26c. Whisky $1. Bulk shoulders 13½c; sides 14@15¼c. Bacon shoulders 13¾c; sides 16¾@17¾c. Lard 17¾@17¾c. Eggs 26c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, January 5.—Cotton 26@26c. Superfine flour $5 75@6 75. Wheat $1 55@1 90. Corn 60@65c. Oats 40@40c. Whisky 92½c. Pork $29 50@30. Bulk shoulders 13½c; clear sides 15½c. Bacon shoulders 15½c; clear sides 17½c. Lard 17½@18c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, January 5.—Tobacco sales 50 hhds; light logs to good leaf $4@6 75. Cotton 25½c. Superfine flour $5 50@6 50. Wheat $1 90@2. Corn 65@66c. Oats 38@40c. Rye $1 50. Pork $30@32. Lard 18½@19c. Bulk shoulders 13c; sides 15¼@15½c packed. Bacon shoulders 16c; sides 17¾@17¾c packed. Whisky, raw free, $1.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, January 5.—Consols closed at 93¾@93¾, and U. S. 5-20 bonds at 74½.

FRANKFORT, January 5.—United States 5 20's closed at 79¾@79¾.

LIVERPOOL, January 5.—Cotton closed firmer. Sales 15,000 bales. Uplands on the spot 11¾d; to arrive 10¾@11 ; Orleans 11¾d.

MARRIED.

ALLEN—MORGAN—At the residence of Allen T. Morgan, in this city, on the 30th ult., by Rev. Mr. RANSOM, Mr. SAM. H. ALLEN, of Dickinson, Williams & Co., to Miss SUE M. MORGAN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT.—A PLANTATION, situated on "Yorcopin Lake," near Red Fork, Arkansas river, containing 1100 or 1200 acres open land, with good improvements, including Steam Gin and Mill, now in operation. Apply soon to THOS. H. ALLEN & CO., ja1 No. 7 Monroe Street, Cooper Block.

STOLEN.—From my premises, near Forest Hill, Shelby county, Tenn., on the night of the 4th inst., a large Yellow Mare Mule, five years old, full sixteen hands high, black stripe across her shoulders and several around her legs, a large knot on her nave, mane and tail natural. I will give twenty-five dollars for her delivery to me, or to D. H. Townsend, in Memphis. [ja6] W. T. BEATH.

OFFICE DESOTO INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY,
MEMPHIS, January 5, 1869.
At a meeting of the Directors, held this day at the office of the Company, a dividend of 10 per cent. was declared upon the capital stock of said Company. J. M. LONSDALE,
Ladger copy. Secretary

PORTRAIT PAINTING.

WM. COOPER is at his old rooms, at Y. DAY'S GALLERY, 338 Main Street. Those desiring Portraits by him would do well to call immediately, as his stay will be very short. ja6

Dissolution.

THE firm of FLAHERTY & WALSH has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be conducted by Messrs. J. Flaherty & Co. The outstanding business will be settled by the new firm, who assume all liabilities, and to whom all payments of debts must be made.
JAS FLAHERTY.
Memphis, Jan. 2, 1869. JOHN WALSH. ja6

NEW FIRM.

JAS. FLAHERTY & CO.,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
317 Second Street.
MEMPHIS, - - TENNESSEE.
ja6

FOR SALE.

5000 bush. Black Seed Oats.
300 bbls. Rosindale and Louisville Cement.
100 " Plaster.
100 " Cape and Union Lime.
10,000 Fire Brick and Tile.
100 bbls. Early Goodrich and Pinkeye Potatoes.

JOINER & KIRKLEY,
ja6 No. 34 Monroe st.

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH,
SEWANEE MOUNTAIN, TENN.

THE next Term of the Junior Department will open at University Place, Tenn.,
On the 10th Day of February, 1869.
Boys received at any age and prepared for College. Location perfectly healthy—2000 feet above the sea. $100 covers expense, board and tuition, for three months. For circulars and information address G. R. Fairbanks, Esq., General Treasurer, University Place, Tenn.
C. T. QUINTARD, D.D., LL.D.
ja5 eod* Vice Chancellor.

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE firm of THOMPSON & CUMMINS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to sign in liquidation. WADDY THOMPSON.
A. L. CUMMINS.
Memphis, January 1, 1869. ja5

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance 19 alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping. [nov21 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Grand Night—Benefit of THEO. HAMILTON
Wednesday Evening, January 6—Will be presented, the STREETS OF NEW YORK—Badger, Theo. Hamilton. Full cast.
Thursday—BEAUTY AND THE BEAST.
Friday, 8th inst.—Benefit of Mrs. M Lanagan.
SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.
Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

SPAULDING & RIDWELL, Managers.
(Also of the Academy of Music, New Orleans, and the Olympic Theater, St. Louis),
Will open for a Short Season
Wednesday Evening, Jan. 6, 1869,

With their MAMMOTH TROUPE from the ACADEMY —OF— MUSIC New Orleans,
With the Gorgeous Romantic, Spectacular Extravaganza of
UNDINE
with all the Dramatic, Musical, Terpsichore and Scenic effects as in N. Orleans, where it had a run of several weeks of unprecedented success.
Mlle TURNOUE, the Queen of the Air, and the famous Gymnasts, the MACO BROTHERS, will appear every evening.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock; Overture at 7½ o'clock.
ADMISSION.
Dress Circle and Parquette.....$1 00
Family Circle.....50
☞ Boxoffice open from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., when seats can be secured. ja3

CAYETIES THEATER,
No. 97 Jefferson Street.
J. H. ETLY.....LESSEE AND MANAGER
OSCAR WILLIE.....STAGE MANAGER
THE leading Variety Theater of the South. Open for the Season, with the best standing Variety Combination that has ever appeared in the city—the performance consisting of Songs, Dances, Burlesques, Pantomimes, etc. New Stars each week. Reserved Seats 75 cents. Private Boxes, Five Dollars. Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at quarter to 8 o'clock. ja1

GRAND FAIR AND FESTIVAL

BY THE LADIES OF THE
MAIN STREET SYNAGOGUE
(Rev. Dr. Tuska's),
—AT THE—
MEMPHIS CLUB HALL
(Corner Second and Union Sts.,)
MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1869,
And every evening of the week (Friday excepted).
Single Admission, - - - 25 Cents
☞ Music and Dancing Every Evening.
de29 tf

VARIETIES THEATER,
Corner Main and Washington Sts.
CHAS H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS.
THE ABOVE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT is open nightly with a Talented Company of Artists, each one acknowledged to be a Star in his or her specialty. The entertainment consists of Sentimental and Comic Singing, Dancing, Farces, Burlesques, Sensational Dramas, Negro Acts, etc. Private Boxes, $5.
Doors open at half-past 6 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7. de18

HE IS HERE!

THE STEAM MAN will be on exhibition for three days only, at No. 203 Main street, commencing TUESDAY MORNING—hours from 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m. Admission, 25 cents; children, 15 cents. ja4

BRINKLEY FEMALE COLLEGE,
Memphis, Tenn.
THIS Institution will open MONDAY, 4th January, 1869. It is located at the southern terminus of DeSoto street, convenient to the street cars. The College grounds contain six acres, with buildings finely adapted to College purposes.
TERMS PER SESSION OF 5 MONTHS.
(In Advance.)

For all Branches of Education taught in Female Colleges, including a full course of English, Ancient and Modern Language	$ 30 00
For Harp, Guitar or Piano, Vocal and Instrumental	20 00
For Board in College, including furnished room, fuel, towels, light and washing	100 00
Day Scholars can pay by the month, in advance. No INCIDENTAL FEES.	

J. D. MEREDITH, President,
ja3 dw Memphis, Tenn.

Big Creek Land Ten Miles of Memphis.

90, 100, 150 and 200 acres out of 880 on the Mississippi River Railroad, soon to be built, and near the prospective depot, for sale at bargains, and immediately; also, 70 acres, mainly Cypress Timber, on Hatchie; also, STEAM MILL. Apply to my sons on premises, or to myself, this month, at Raleigh.
136 acres good Stock Ranche on the Lavaca, in Jackson county, Texas, and 600 acres on Trinity, Liberty county, Texas. Fine Plantation to sell or exchange for city property. All titles perfect. [ja3] S. S. REMBERT.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THERE will be a Steamer leaving Norfolk, Va., about the 12th of January DIRECT FOR LIVERPOOL.
Freight from Norfolk to Liverpool ½d. No charges in Norfolk.
Those wishing to ship COTTON or other freight by this Steamer can obtain further information by applying to
de29 1w G. FALLS & CO., Cotton Buyers.

A Store for Rent.

A fine Stand for Business on Jefferson Street, near the old Planters' Bank. Apply to
J. J. ANDREWS,
de27 tf *Commercial Hotel.*

YOUNG & BROTHER,
Booksellers & Stationers
No. 248 Main Street.
Trecofrin—by Guido.
White's Gardening for the South.
Gardening for Profit.
Church Almanac for 1869.
A large stock of BLANK BOOKS, which we offer at VERY LOW PRICES.
For sale by YOUNG & BROTHER,
ja1 No. 248 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Tennessee Cotton Cordage

OF UNSURPASSED QUALITY, IN LOTS to the trade, at low prices.
DAY & PROUDFIT,
no31 1m Agents for the Manufacturers.

To Close Out!

I OFFER for sale my entire business, consisting of a carefully assorted stock of
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc., Etc.,
Fixtures and good will, AT A BARGAIN.
☞ Until further notice, goods sold at retail at COST PRICES, and satisfaction guaranteed.
A. B. MULLER, Agent,
de30 2w Watchmaker and Jeweler, 183 Main Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN.—ISAAC L. TAYLOR is the Workingman's candidate for Alderman of the Ninth (9th) Ward. ja1

FOR ALDERMAN.—In obedience to a call by many citizens, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Alderman of the Sixth Ward. If elected, I can only promise that I will serve to the best of my ability.
J. HALSTEAD.
Ledger copy. ja3

FOR ALDERMAN.—I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward at the January election next.
de19 W. L. STEWART.

FOR ALDERMAN OF THE THIRD WARD, I JAMES O. DURFF, the regular nominee by acclamation of the citizens of the above Ward. de15

FOR ALDERMAN.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, at the ensuing municipal election.
de29 HUGH NOIT.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SIXTH WARD. By request of many Republicans, I announce myself as an Independent Candidate for Alderman of the Sixth Ward. Election 7th of January, 1869. If elected, will study the interest of my ward and the city in general.
de9 E. J. COMER.

TO the Voters of the Eighth Ward: Honored two years since in being designated by your unsolicited suffrages as a representative in the Board of Aldermen, and conscious of an earnest purpose on my part to fulfill this confidence by a faithful discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the position, I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election.
de11 W. H. PASSMORE.

AUCTION.

NOTICE TO THE TRADE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW York, per Merchants' Dispatch, with instructions to sell at
Public Auction, Without Reserve,
A large and fashionable assortment of
Ladies' and Childrens'
HATS, FANCY KNIT NUBIAS
And Shawls, Ribbons, Etc.
The stock will be open for inspection early on the morning of the sale,
Wednesday, the 6th Instant.
W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
ja5 Auctioneers.

TO THE LADIES!

Elegant Ermine & Swansdown
Muffs and Capes
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN,
AT AUCTION,
AT OUR SALESROOM,
This Wednesday Morning,
AT 11 O'CLOCK.
ja6 ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

BEAUTIFUL

CITY RESIDENCE

For Sale or Exchange.

The well known and greatly admired
Menken Place,
On Manassas St, (or Boundary Ave.),
About three blocks North of the terminus of the Poplar Street Railroad,
Is Offered for Sale, or will be Exchanged for Other Real Estate in the Business part of the City.

THE picturesque and elegantly improved grounds, embracing an area of four and a-half acres; the tasteful and commodious Dwelling of eight rooms, with all the concomitants of a complete establishment, such as Kitchen, Stables, Garden, Etc.; with never failing Spring water, and everything about the place in perfect order and repair, combine in this place, to a very rare degree, the conveniences of a city residence with the retirement of a genial retreat, and cause it to be justly regarded as one of the most desirable places in the city.

Very Favorable Terms

Will be given, either in the Sale or Exchange of the property.
Royster, Trezevant & Co.,
de23 AUCTIONEERS.

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER
Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,
No. 276 Second St., Ayres Building,
de17 Memphis, Tennessee.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
37 Union Street,
THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 tf

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all Kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river.
ja3 dawtf M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

LAND AND LOTS FOR SALE.

87 ACRES, opposite Bray's Station, adjoining south side of Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 18 miles east of Memphis.

128 ACRES, known as the Giles Farm, on east bank of the Mississippi river, opposite lower end of Island No. 40 and 18 miles north of Memphis—30 acres under cultivation, and about 40 acres deadened.

LOT on east side of Bayou Gayoso, 221 feet on Court street, with small Frame House. Clear of lease.

LOT on east side of Bayou, fronting 100 feet on Madison street, on which is a Board Yard. Subject to lease.

LOT, with Cotton Shed, (formerly Barnes' Cotton Shed, now used for a Wagon Yard) fronting 142 feet on Madison street and 141 feet on Court street, a few rods west of Charleston avenue. Clear of lease.

LOT on east side of Bayou, fronting 235 feet on north side of Court street, on which stands Carroll, Walker & Co.'s Cotton Shed. Subject to lease.

LOT, fronting 50 feet on Charleston avenue, on which stands the Grocery of Thos. O'Mahoney, and extending 200 feet to Court street.
For terms inquire of
THOS. WICKERSHAM,
No. 9, Second floor,
ja4 Postoffice Building.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—That valuable Frame House, No. 111, with lot fronting 50 feet on Jefferson street, and extending back 185½ feet to an alley, will be sold under a decree by the Supreme Court of Tennessee, on THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1869, in front of the courthouse door in Memphis, by John L. Brown, Clerk of Supreme Court. By agreement of parties, the sale will be for $800 cash—sufficient to pay the debt, interest and cost for which the sale is made, and twelve months time will be given on the balance. Parties desiring to invest will please call at my office, and I will take pleasure in showing them the property.
THOS. WICKERSHAM,
No. 9 Postoffice Building.
Refer to advertisement in the Evening Post, "Planters' Bank of Tennessee vs. E. O. Perrin et al." ja5

FURS LOST.—On the 31st December, a lady's medium size MINK CAPE. The finder will be liberally rewarded on leaving the same at room No. 8 Waldran Block. ja1

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES P

Advertisements in this column Published at 10 cents per line, each insertion. The cheapest and most conspicuous advertising known to the newspaper world.

WANTS.

LAND WANTED.—Any one desirous of selling low, for cash, from 3 to 6 acres of Land, with or without improvements, just outside the city, can find a buyer by calling at 52 Echois street. de27 1w*

WANTED—A situation as BOOK-KEEPER by a man of several years' experience in first-class houses. The applicant was born and raised in the city, has a large circle of acquaintances, and can produce the best of business references for honesty and capacity. Will be ready to take a situation on January 1st. Address Q. Z. M., at this office. de6 1w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A ONE-STORY COTTAGE, six rooms; stable on the premises, and a garden of three acres attached. Within fifteen minutes ride of Court Square. Rent $25 per year. Apply to Dr. GILBERT, 37 South Court street. ja6

FOR RENT.—I am anxious to rent my entire FARM, four miles southwest of Collierville, Tenn., and near the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, containing Two Hundred and Forty Acres of good land, most of which is in a high state of cultivation. A good dwelling house, out-houses, a gin, a well of good water, orchard; in fact, everything that pertains to a well arranged farm—convenient to churches and schools. A man with the money can get a bargain. [ja5] W. K. WILSON.

FOR RENT.—A most desirable Two-story BRICK HOUSE, in perfect repair, with 12 rooms, good cistern, neighborhood excellent, situated on Auction street, Chelsea. Recently occupied by Rev. Mr. A. C. Overton. Apply to THOS. A. EUFORD, ja2 27 Main Street.

FOR RENT.—THE ARMSTRONG PLACE, on Central Avenue, three miles from Court Square, comprising twenty seven acres of ground, with a fine lawn suitable for a pasture, good House with four rooms large office in yard; also, kitchen and necessary out buildings. The place has three cisterns, good orchard, large hothed with necessary sash, asparagus bed, fine stables and carriage house, with enclosed sheds for forty head of cattle. Will suit a gardener or dairy man, this is one of the most desirable places near Memphis. Apply to JOHN T. WILLINS, de29 1w 342 Front street.

ROOMS FOR RENT.—Offices and Rooms in the Postoffice and Library Buildings, N. E. corner Jefferson and Third streets. Inquire of THOS. WICKERSHAM, second floor Postoffice Building. de22 1m

FOR RENT.—A neat one-story COTTAGE with seven rooms and kitchen, large shady yard, garden and stable, situated in a select neighborhood, on Rayburn avenue, near Jackson street. Possession from 1st January. Terms, $30 a month. Apply to Dr. GILBERT, 37 South Side Court Square. de31f

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 488, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the terminus of the street cars. Contains eight rooms besides kitchen and servants' room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD. de6 tf 288 Main street.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

STONEWALL FOR SALE.

OWING to the failing health of JAMES STEWART (who has been in charge of the premises as manager and partner for the last twenty-five years), STONEWALL, a farm containing about 1250 acres of the choicest portion of the estate of the late DAVID CRAIGHEAD, situated in the bend of Island No. 34, Arkansas side, is now offered for sale.

There are on the place about 150 acres cleared, well fenced, and now in cotton and corn; one hundred acres in fine cypress timber, to which from the bank of the river is, in complete running order, a tramway, provided with railroad trucks, convenient for bringing lumber for shipment. The balance of the land is heavily timbered with oak, ash, walnut, cottonwood, &c. It is well levved, and a large portion of the tract is entirely above the highest floods. There are also on the place comfortable houses, negro quarters, a gin and cotton press, barns, stables, a fine apple and a peach orchard, and everything in complete running order. Also, a number of reliable hands, who have been on the place for years, who may be employed by the purchaser. Also, mules, horses, stock hogs, oxen, etc., sufficient to work it, and valued at about $6000. These latter, it will be desirable to dispose of to the purchaser of the land.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES STEWART, on the Premises.
R. W. DAVIS, 262 Front street, Memphis.
CRAIGHEAD, BREAST & GIBSON,
de1 im Nashville, Tenn.

St. Louis Republican and Cincinnati Commercial (Dailies) copy one month, and send bill to D. F. Badden, 262 Front street, Memphis.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

CLOSING out sale of winter dress goods at a great reduction, at Rice & Engel's. †

SELLING off our entire stock of winter goods at New York cost.
† WALKER BROS. & Co.

DIARIES for 1869; Geo. Pattison & Co. have the finest stock in the city. Get one, 317½ Main street. tf

CORNS! CORNS!! CORNS!!!—By request, Dr. Lindoman, the celebrated Surgeon Chiropodist will remain one week longer for the purpose of curing corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. Cures without pain or drawing blood. Room 24 Overton Hotel. 4t

FOR SALE.—We have 252 acres of land within three miles of Cold Water, Miss., which we wish to sell. Also 5½ acres within three miles of Memphis. There is an acre and a half of strawberries and a fine young orchard of selected fruit trees on the 5½ acres near the city and the place is well adapted for gardening purposes. TOBIN, LYNN & Co., 1w 256 Main street.

OLD RELIABLE.—The best of Pittsburg coal, lump, nut and slack, sold by Rigley, Meiterah & Co., South Court and Main streets, Bethel Block. Rates always as low as the lowest. tf

THE PEABODY HOTEL is now open for the reception of transient guests and boarders. Price per day, $4 00. Day Board, $40 per month. We will be glad to welcome our old friends and guests.
tf D. COCKRELL & SONS.

THE HEBREW FAIR.—The fair and festival given by the ladies of the Main street Synagogue was duly inaugurated Monday night at the Memphis Club Hall, corner Second and Union streets. A large number of the most intelligent and fashionable of the community were present, and were highly delighted by the very fascinating display at the different tables at the Hall. Articles of great value and rare beauty met the eye at every turn, while the ear was delighted with the sweet music of the band, and dancing was kept up to a late hour of the night. We cannot recommend a more appropriate place to those who wish to enjoy a pleasant evening. Our Hebrew fellow-citizens have shown themselves very liberal in the support of various institutions without regard to sect or creed, and we hope that their Christian neighbors will reciprocate on this occasion, for the benefit of Rev. Dr. Tuska's congregation.

ALL winter dress goods marked down to actual cost. Call and examine.
WALKER BROS. & CO.
† 229 Main street.

GREAT reduction in Men's, Hats at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. †

DIARIES for the New Year at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317½ Main street. tf

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.—Just received one thousand overcoats from $6 to $10 each, at Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main street, Clay Building. tf

THE ELMWOOD COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE for young gentlemen and boys, located near the end of the Street Railroad, will resume its session on Monday, January 11, 1868. Prof. T. J. Norcom, a skillful and popular instructor for ten years in Memphis, who established this institution in 1858, and conducted it successfully for many years, will resume the care of it; and he is so well known as an accomplished scholar, thorough teacher, and successful disciplinarian, that we congratulate our young friends on his return to the city. Students from the city are charged only half fare on the Street Railroad, and the ride in bad weather, or walk in good weather, is the best gymnastic exercise they could take. 4t

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board.

Message of Mayor Leftwich—Reports of Officers.

Sale of the Little Rock Railroad Bonds.

Lively Debates—Adjournment to this Evening.

The Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis convened yesterday evening at 3 o'clock for the regular monthly meeting.

A quorum being announced, Judge Swayne took the chair, and after the reading of the proceedings of the preceding meeting by the Secretary, the Board proceeded to business.

The following message from his Honor Mayor Leftwich was then read:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, }
MEMPHIS, TENN., January 5, 1869. }

To the Hon. Board of Aldermen:

We stand to-day on the confines of two corporate years, a fit occasion for such a retrospect as may guide us in the performance of duties that are to devolve on us in the year that is before us.

When we contrast the condition of the city, with what we desire it to be, the picture is gloomy enough; but when compared with what it has been, and what it might now be, the prospect is not discouraging, but on the contrary quite hopeful.

Some of you will remember when it cost more to convey a bale of cotton from the Memphis and Charleston railroad depot to the river than from the river bank to New Orleans; and when a carriage *could not* pass through the principal streets.

During the year seven and a half miles, or 177,403 yards, of Nicholson and stone pavement has been laid at a cost to the city and property owners of $931,469 62. In the same time 127 suits, to which the city was a party, have been litigated, 126 of which were gained by the city, and a large number settled and a further accumulation of cost thereby prevented. The navy yard property, which was held by the General Government as captured and abandoned property, and for the restoration of which an attorney fee of $40,000 had been offered, has been restored to the city *without cost*, and on such conditions as to warrant the hope that a reasonable rent will be paid by the Government for its use while so occupied. One year ago our city scrip was worth 33½ on the dollar; now it is worth 80c. City bonds with several due coupons attached, were then worth less than 30c.; now they are worth more than 50c. Then city employees were compelled to receive for their services a scrip variable in value, and often resulting in a loss they were poorly able to bear, while now though exigencies sometimes postpone their payment for a brief period, they are paid in money with such promptness that no necessity exists for selling their claims at a discount. Then we were paying interest at a rate of 24 per cent. per annum; now we are paying on an average less than half that amount.

All this has been accomplished during a year of unprecedented financial stringency and consequent depression of all branches of business, while the coming year promises to be one of unusual prosperity.

For these good results, being merely an executive officer, I can claim no credit for myself, but cheerfully accord to your vigilance and practical legislation the honor to which you are clearly entitled. It is, however, with feelings of gratitude and pride that I remember the liberal support my views have at all times received at your hands, and that no event has occurred to disrupt even for a moment the cordial and confidential relations that have existed between us, and while expressing my thanks for this support, and for the courtesy, promptness and efficiency that has characterized the conduct of all the city officers, I must be allowed especially to thank the "Finance Committee" for the sound judgment and indomitable energy that has time and again carried us through seemingly insurmountable obstacles.

We cannot be unmindful of our responsibility to those whose interests we represent, nor ungrateful for their valuable counsel, but during the performance of the most onerous duties, and investigations of the most intricate questions of policy, we have been favored with much gratuitous advice—often without a nice regard for taste—and sometimes ignorance has blindly impugned our motives. This advice coming mainly from those who have not manifested capacity to successfully conduct their own business, we have received *at its value*, and disregard the allusions to bad motives, knowing that the moral courage which dares to do right, regardless of such influences, will dispel the clouds of doubt thus raised, as the rising sun dissolves the morning vapor.

Turning from the past, we look to the future. Much as has been done, more remains to do. Owing to an under estimate of the amount of floating indebtedness, and an over estimate of the amount of ship indebtedness that would be absorbed by tax-payers, the one million of bonds that were authorized to be issued, though realizing more than was expected, have been exhausted, leaving some pressing obligations still unpaid. The right economy that was practiced with such beneficial and encouraging results during the first few months of the past year has been too far departed from and ought to be promptly resumed. This departure was so gradual and insignificant in detail as to be almost imperceptible, while in the aggregate its effects on our resources is *sorely* felt.

The accompanying report by the Mayor, City Attorney, and Chairman of the Finance Committee, will show that in compliance with the instructions *almost unanimously given by nearly a full Board* in Executive session, we have sold the city's stock in the Little Rock Railroad. This was done for two good and sufficient reasons; first, because the money it will bring is needed to pay debts that cannot from any other known source be provided for; second, because the sale insures the completion of the road in one year, a desideratum not otherwise to be obtained. If a sale of the stock in the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad would insure or hasten the building of the Mississippi Valley and Paducah Railroad, I would urge *its* sale also, in face of and fully comprehending the SEEMING opposition to the measure.

Our railroad stocks were not taken with any hope of receiving direct dividends therefrom, but for the sole purpose of securing desirable railroad communications and much as we bear and read of *immense* prospective dividends, no *sensible* man expects any, beyond such as enterprising business talent will gather from the new fields that will be opened to us by their completion. But beyond, and far above all this, corporations, no more than individuals, have the moral or legal right to hold and own stocks and other property that can be dispensed with while needy creditors are deprived of their just dues.

No better policy can be adopted in this emergency than to sell all we have, and thus, instead of "extending the debt and increasing the interest," we would, to the extent of its proceeds, "pay the debts and save the interest."

It is easy, and *may be profitable* for newspapers, whose columns have become stale for want of items to crook and complain, or even raise the sensational bugaboo of "Star Chamber proceedings," when, like prudent men, we meet for consultation without the presence of a reporter to chronicle all the phases of undeveloped plans or unmatured purposes. *It is easy for parties largely indebted* to the city, and bankers who are unwilling to assist us with loans, to join in well worded remonstrances against the sale of city property, but this does not relieve the wants of those to whom we are indebted, in many instances for day labor on the streets, but reminds us forcibly of how much easier it is to find fault than to suggest practical relief.

The most absurd and least to be regarded of all complaints are those of delinquent tax-payers, who failed to pay their taxes when scrip was worth thirty-three cents, because they thought it would be cheaper, and now murmur because the city credit has so improved as to raise it to eighty cents, while the most inconsistent idea is that the Board of Aldermen is inefficient in its legitimate sphere, and yet competent to control profitably large and varied railroad interests in addition.

In conclusion I would recommend, as a measure of economy and the abatement of almost a nuisance, that prompt provisions be made for cleaning and keeping clean the paved streets.

This, in my opinion, can be made cheaply done by contract, and if the value, as a fertilizer, of the deposit to be removed is duly appreciated, it will cost the city but little and still prove profitable to the contractors.

Yours very respectfully,
JOHN W. LEFTWICH, Mayor.

The following is the inclosure alluded to:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, }
MEMPHIS, January 4, 1869. }

To the Honorable Board of Aldermen:

In accordance with your instructions, we have sold to W. B. Greenlaw the city's stock in the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad at twelve cents on the dollar, and a guarantee that the road will be completed by the 1st of January, 1870. The proceeds will amount to about $100,000, of which the City Treasurer will be provided with a sufficiency to meet the claims of all the city employees now due, and the remainder appropriated to the payment of the indebtedness of the First National Bank, on the terms of the original contract, to-wit: on the basis of city bonds at sixty-five cents on the dollar. Yours, respectfully, etc.,

JOHN W. LEFTWICH, Mayor,
R. J. MORGAN, City Attorney,
E. McDAVITT, Chairman F. C.

The Board then proceeded to the reports of city officers for December.

Dr. G. B. Thornton, physician in charge of City Hospital, reports for December, 1868:

Number of patients remaining in Hospital at last report	79
No. of patients admitted to Hospital since last report	63
Total number treated	142
" " discharged	108
" " died	16
Remaining December 31, 1868	87
Amount received from pay wards	$6

J. L. Chandler, Tax Collector on Privileges, reported $12,244 50 collected during the month. The total collections of the office since its assumption by him is $131,749 49.

Robert Good, Wharfmaster, collected $4115 43.

Peter Connolly, Market Master North market, collected $276.

C. Borner reports $356 50 collected.

W. Boland, City Inspector of Lumber, reports 125,681 feet inspected and $37 70 collected.

Dr. Alex. Erskine, Dean of the Medical College, reports number of patients registered as 203; number prescriptions issued 240. Character of diseases, remittent and intermittent fevers.

Jos. H. Cash, City Inspector, collected $641 40.

R. J. Morgan, City Attorney, reports the decision against property owners in the suit against pavement contractors, and advises property owners to settle without delay.

John H. Bower, City Tax Collector, reports $78,531 38 collected during the month.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES being then in order, various chairmen of committees made their reports, which were duly disposed of.

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Alderman Passmore presented a report recommending that the City Council petition the Legislature for a change in the charter of the city. [This was on a resolution of Alderman Johnson in regard to a petition of the merchants in regard to the Metropolitan Police, and the tax for the support of the same.]

The report was adopted, and a committee of three, viz: Messrs. Passmore, Holst and Brown, was appointed to prepare the petition.

The Soup House question again came before the Board, on the majority report (which was read by Alderman Passmore, who did not concur in the report) which was adverse.

Alderman Ruffin supported the soup question and wanted the $2000, which were voted, paid down. The soup to be furnished, he said, was "bully."

Alderman O'Donnell gave the soup, soup-house, soup bill, and soup charity fits, opposing the scheme in toto, as did Alderman Renner.

On a vote the report was concurred in by a vote of 11 to 6.

PETITIONS

Were next in order, and several unimportant ones were presented and granted or referred to the proper committee.

A petition signed by F. M. Cash and others to secure the passage of an ordinance relieving deliquent tax-payers from the 5 per cent. additional penalty tax, on the ground that the law authorizing it is *ex post facto*, unjust and onerous. Referred to the Finance Committee and the City Attorney.

A petition from R. D. Baugh for $300, to pay for extra labor, was allowed.

A petition from Capt. Geo. Cheek, of the ferryboat, praying that his boat be exempt from wharfage on condition of keeping the wharf at which the boat lands in good order, was referred to a special committee of three, consisting of Aldermen Cartwright, Moffat and Holst.

Alderman Passmore presented a petition signed by Jno. T. Stratton, Newton Ford & Co., and others of the very heaviest and most influential merchants and citizens of the city, protesting against the proposed sale of the city's stock in the Little Rock Railroad, and praying that it might not be done. He moved that the prayer of the petitioners be granted.

Moved by Alderman Johnson that it be referred to the Mayor and Finance Committee.

Alderman Ruffin opposed the reference of the matter. He wished to meet it fair and square then. He had prophesied this movement of Sam Tate's and West's when they first attempted to purchase the city's stock in the Louisville road. He foresaw that they would try to go through the city like a dose of salts; a dose of salts was nothing—they are going it like croton oil. He opposed the city's giving up a cent; on the contrary, he would advocate her taking $500,000 more stock in it. He showed its vast importance as a connecting link in the great Southern Pacific route, ridiculing the idea that the parties purchasing would furnish any guarantees to finish the road by 1870. What guarantees can they give? In 1870 they will come up with a whine about the troubles in Arkansas, the wet weather, the overflows, etc., and ask to be allowed until 1875. He reflected on the insolent and arrogant sneers of the Mayor's message about the newspapers, and said that the papers were right in informing the citizens about the doings of individuals in the Board. By a course of argument he showed that if there was money in this stock to private individuals, there was money in it to the city of Memphis, and it was, therefore, in accordance with her true financial policy to keep it. He proposed, if the city *had* to sell her stock to pay her debts, not to let one man or one set of men have the only chance to buy, *but put it up at public auction and sell it to the highest bidder*. Referring to the gentlemen who signed the petition just read by Alderman Passmore, he eulogized them as the very best and first men of our community. He asked, in conclusion, that as the property belonged to the people, and they had voted on the appropriation purchasing it, that they, the people, have an opportunity of voting upon its final disposition, and that the Mayor call an election on the question.

Alderman Renner opposed the reference, and asked the gentlemen making the motion to withdraw it, and allow the petition to come up, so that the Board could take the dilemma by the horns.

To settle controversy for the time, Alderman Passmore withdrew the petition for the present.

RESOLUTIONS.

Somebody wanted a tax of *fifteen per cent.*, to be levied on all taxable property, to create a sinking fund for some purpose. The resolution was laid on the table, unanimously, so quickly that the "resolver" did not have time to reclaim it.

Alderman Passmore then called up and commenced the discussion of that portion of the Mayor's message, and the inclosed document, relative to the sale of the city's bonds in the Little Rock Railroad; but owing to the lateness of the hour, and the retiring of several members from the Board, a further consideration was postponed until this evening at four o'clock.

THE COMMISSIONERSHIP.

A New Aspirant for Beaumont's Stretches.

Preaching and Praying.

So long a time has elapsed since our worthy Chief of Police, Col. Beaumont, was called by the Little Rock Railroad to take charge of its interests, and so much was said on the subject of his successor at the time, that the matter became stale and uninteresting, and for some time past we have had no rumors even as to whom or upon whom would fall the mantle of his office. Each of the candidates for the honor flourished a brief day, was the subject of a telegram or two from or to Nashville, and then fell into oblivion.

Yesterday, however, the city was startled by the announcement that the man and the hour had met. The new Beaumont had been found. A man whose plethoric legs, and well developed understandings would exactly fill the vacant breeches and shoes, had turned up at Knoxville. It was even whispered that he had already received the appointment, and would enter upon the duties immediately.

This news set everybody on a tiptoe of expectation as to who the new Fouche could be, and at last it leaked out that the news had come by telegraph to a high police official, from the private secretary of the Governor, and that the "coming man" was the Rev. W. H. PEARNE.

This individual, whom rumor thus makes our Chief of Police, is a scalawag parson, a hanger-on of Eaton's, the carpet-bag Superintendent of Public Education. It was but a day or two ago that we saw it announced that Brownlow had appointed him his successor as "Senior Editor" of the Knoxville *Whig*. These two last facts speak volumes as to his moral fitness for the position.

We understand that he has already made out a programme of "how the machine is to be run" as soon as he takes the ermine upon him. The first move will be to capture the Ironclad and kindred institutions, and ransom the inmates. The Varieties, Gayeties, steam man, and free lunch houses are next to be blackmailed, and if a sufficient sum is not paid, to be suppressed. The Police force are to be made attend prayers three times a day, and sing a psalm at roll call, morning and evening. The uniforms are to be changed from blue to black, with white chokers, and the hair of the officers and men of the force is to be cropped close. The following motto is to be placed over the desk in each station house:

"There's nary honest man on earth,
And scarcely one in heaven."

A very stringent police code is to be adopted—the blue laws of Connecticut to form the basis. Due allowance will be made to Radical clergymen on sprees, and rooms at one of the many popular resorts spoken of above, will be retained for them by the month.

We suppose it was a "fellow feeling" that caused Brownlow to appoint Pearne, as he wished to take care of the cloth. Further particulars will be given when the facts transpire.

MARKED DOWN! MARKED DOWN!! Our entire stock of winter dress goods at actual cost. Call and examine.
† WALKER BROS. & CO.

THE TRADE SALE, as advertised by W. H. Passmore & Co., comes off this morning at 10 o'clock. There stock is large and varied and can be seen early this morning. Then will also be sold a case of gentlemen's wear.

GREAT reduction in Linen Towels and Embroideries at Rice & Engel's. †

PERSONAL.—Amongst the distinguished arrivals in our city yesterday we notice the Grand Sire of the R. W. Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the United States, Capt. E. D. Farnsworth, of Nashville.

THE WEATHER is again clear and beautiful—not too warm, and yet not even cool.

THE THRONG of strangers which crowded our streets during the holidays, has somewhat decreased—though Main street is very lively during the middle of the day. The hotels are also quite full of guests, and on the whole, our city is in a most flourishing condition.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—At a meeting of the Board of Officers of this institution yesterday, J. T. Stratton, Esq., in the chair, W. H. Cherry, Esq., was unanimously elected to fill the position of Mr. Nelson, the late President, resigned. This is an excellent selection, and we congratulate the Chamber on its choice.

THE finest invoice of Jenkins & Cos.' Teas in this city at C. C. Jackson's, 59 Adams street.

GREAT reduction in Ladies' Cloaks at Rice & Engel's.

EVERYBODY should have one—a Diary for 1869, to be had at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317½ Main street. tf

HEBREW FAIR.—The vote on the elegant French clock for the most popular banker, at the Hebrew Fair, now in progress at the Memphis Club Hall, stood last night as follows: E. M. Apperson, 21; C. P. Norris, 27; J. B. Kirtland, 17; Jacob Levi, 11; H. A. Partee, 8. There is great rivalry manifested among the friends of the different candidates. The voting will continue only a few nights longer, and we hope that the voters will lose no time in canvassing and polling the biggest vote for their favorite candidates.

AT eleven o'clock this morning, Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co. sell at auction, at their salesroom, a small lot of very elegant Ermine and Swansdown Muffs and Capes, to which the attention of the ladies is specially called.

IRISH Poplins lower than ever, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. †

WM. WASSON, DENTIST—After an absence for some time, has again returned to the city, and now offers his professional services to acquaintances and the public generally. Office with his brother, J. B. Wasson, dentist, No. 316 Main street, Memphis, Tenn. †

THE STEAM MAN CHALLENGED.—Dr. Stillman proposes to take the worst cripple in town, give him The Great General Restorative one month, and then run him against the steam man, the length of Main street, for one thousand dollars.

THE SUICIDE.—Antonio Podesta, the young man who shot himself in the head on Gayoso street, Monday evening, died yesterday morning from the wound.

UNDINE and the great New Orleans combination did not arrive yesterday, on account of the failure of the trains to connect on the Mississippi road. They will, however, appear this evening positively at the Greenlaw Opera House. We bespeak and predict for them a brilliant and hearty reception.

GO CARTS IN LOUISVILLE.—Messrs. Allen & Bayliss, well known young gentlemen of this city, have started a line of "Parcel" Express carts in Louisville. Mr. Allen has been connected with the APPEAL office for some years, and we are glad to record his success. Full of energy and entirely reliable, we hope that our young friends may soon win greenbacks enough to load all their useful little vehicles.

NO HUMBUG—we mean what we say—all winter goods sold at Walker Bros. & Co.'s at New York cost. †

GREAT reduction in gents' furnishing goods at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main st. †

ARKANSAS.

The Conference at Marion.

The Objects of the Invaders Plainly Stated.

The Militia are Fortified.

Cavalry and Reinforcements from Little Rock Sent for.

The meeting called for yesterday afternoon, at Mound City, of the refugees from Arkansas, and their friends, was on maturer consideration dispensed with, and, instead, yesterday morning a joint committee of citizens of Memphis, Mississippi and Arkansas, with M. E. Cochran, Esq., as chairman, went over to Marion to confer with the militia forces.

We understand that the committee, to the number of nine, went hence to Mound City, where they found horses prepared for them, and thence they went to Marion under a flag of truce. Here they found the militia encamped and fortified around the jail. The fortifications extend from the lake to the public square, enclosing the jail, and are represented as quite formidable, at least to infantry without artillery. They consist of an earthwork about eight feet thick, and palisades, with ditch on the inside, running around the jail on three sides, the lake forming the rear defense. The jail is further fortified by a second line of redoubts which completely surround it, and makes it impregnable to any force without artillery.

The militia are in four companies, and when they first arrived did not number more than ninety, or at furthest, a hundred men, but have been recruited since they arrived up to about three hundred. They are of every age, from mere boys of twelve years of age up to decrepid old men, white and black indiscriminately, and are "uniformed" in every description of toggery.

The officers met the committee, and informed them that they were sent to the place for a specific purpose, when they accomplished which they would leave, and not till then. This specific purpose was the arrest of twelve citizens, four of whom they already had in jail. They had sent to Little Rock for 150 cavalry with which they intended to scour the country and catch the other eight. They refused to give the names of the parties or the crimes they are accused of.

They informed the Committee futher that two citizens had been furnished with a written parole, at the request of the citizens, who instructed them to go to those parties who are anticipating or agitating an attack upon the militia, and beg them to desist. Any attack would now be only "heaping coals of fire" upon the already totally prostrated and helpless community.

GREAT REDUCTION! Great Reduction! Clothing at cost! Winter clothing at cost at Walker Bros. & Co.'s. †

SILK Warp Alpacas at great reduction, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main st. †

LACES, EDGINGS AND EMBROIDERIES. W. H. Passmore & Co. have just received a consignment, from New York, of elegant and rich laces, etc., to which the attention of the ladies is respectfully invited.

LEDGERS, Journals and Cash Books. Look at them. Geo. Pattison & Co., 317½ Main street, tf

JOE. LOCKE, 236½ Main st., has Scraps from Prison Table by Col. Joe. Barbiere. Also, Lossing, Harper, Godey's, Demorest, Lippincott, Eclectic, and hosts of other publications for January. Leslie's Weekly, with picture of Grant at capture of City of Mexico, Banner of the South, Father A. J. Ryan's paper, Harper's Bazar, Waverly, Sporting Times, Days Doings, Western World, Literary Album, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, New Orleans, and New York dailies received by every mail. Books and Stationery, Base Balls, etc. tf

CORRECTION.—In Sunday's report of the doings of the Clayton militia at Marion, Ark., we published that Dr. Whitsitt, who was wounded by the militia ruffians while on his way to attend some sick negroes, was said to be a Radical. On the representation, and at the request of Maj. Earle, of Marion, we correct this report, and are happy to number the unfortunate Doctor among the true Conservative Democrats of Arkansas. We regret that the Doctor has been compelled to subject himself to the painful operation of amputation of his left arm, rendered necessary from the wounds inflicted by the negro scoundrels.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!—Marked down! marked down!!
† WALKER BROS. & CO.

BLANK BOOKS, Blank Books. The most complete stock in the city. Geo. Pattison & Co. have them at 317½ Main street. tf

GREAT reduction in Opera Cloaks at Rice & Engel's.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—Court convened yesterday morning, holding long enough to dispose of all the business on the calendar. The following cases have been set for trial to-day:

1140 Renswood vs Ensley.
1203 Memphis German Savings Institution vs Bender, sur part.
1326 Tennessee State Mutual Fire Insurance Co vs Walton.
1327 Same vs Peres & Co.
1328 Same vs Whalen.
1336 Hatch vs Waggener et al.
1357 Harris vs Mackey & Co.
1366 Hatch vs Waggener et al.
1378 Frech vs Graves et al.
1379 Smith vs Bell.
1430 Smith, adm'r, etc, vs McLean.
1436 Memphis German Savings Institution vs Lee, Jr, et al.
1446 Same vs Baymiller et al.
1463 Brinkley vs Gates & Wood.
1464 Same vs same.
1465 Smith vs Evans.
1481 Mount vs Barnard & McClure.
1491 Miller vs Somerville.
1518 Farabee vs Delap.
1541 Kane vs Home Insurance Co. of New York.
1542 Same vs Security Insurance Co. of New York.
1543 Same vs Enterprise Insurance Co.
1544 Same vs Putnam Insurance Co.
1546 Watt vs Ford.
1547 Wolf, agent, vs King.
1548 Citteratto vs Roma.
1549 Dickinson vs Blass.
1550 Sutton & Co vs Bernard & Barnum.
1551 Cash vs Semmes & Co, et al.
1552 Fitzgerald vs Burnstien.
1553 Barrow vs White.
1554 Ford vs Watt.
1555 Lawhorn vs Lyden et al.
1556 Greenlaw vs Mayer.
1557 Fitzgerald vs Burnstien.
1558 Cook, agent, vs Tranor et al.
1559 Clemes vs Fleece, adm'r, et al.
1560 Selden vs Montgomery.
1561 Mosby, receiver, vs Russell.
1998 Walker vs Estis.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—Yesterday's calendar of motions, pleas and demurrers was heard and disposed of. To-day the untried cases on the calendar published for last Monday will be called up for hearing, beginning with cause No. 512.

The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Kennedy vs. Dupuy et al.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.* Court met yesterday morning, pursuant to adjournment. It had been agreed upon between counsel and so determined by the Court, that the case of Manning & Co. vs. Wade should be tried on that day, but as it was ascertained that the case would probably occupy the attention of the Court for more than a week, and as the Court had announced an early adjournment, the attorneys agreed that the case should be continued over until next term. To-day the remaining motions on the motion docket, which were not heard and determined on Monday last, will be taken up. Thursday will be the last day of this term.

THE RUTTER CASE.

The Demurrer Overruled by Judge Hunter.

The Case Continued to To-day.

The Rutter habeas corpus case came up for hearing again on yesterday, before Judge Hunter, of the Criminal Court, upon the demurrer of the counsel for the defense to the return of the officer. After a lengthy and protracted argument of the various points of law involved in the case, the demurrer was overruled, and the case continued for further hearing relative to the question of bail, until this morning. An application will then be made to admit Mr. Rutter to bail for his appearance before the Criminal Court of Nashville upon the first day of the next term. The caplas under which the arrest of Mr. Rutter was made presents the singular anomaly of containing no less than four distinct and separate charges, each constituting an offense of different degree and each punishable in a separate and distinct manner. The Court, in consequence of this manifest defect in the capias, found it difficult to determine upon which of these several charges it would be proper to act upon in binding Mr. Rutter over, but finally determined upon the charge of embezzlement, regarding the others as mere surplusage and having no legal effect. Messrs. Brown & Griffin, Yerger & Sale, Judge L. V. Dixon, and Col. Geo. Gantt appeared for the defense. Judge Thos. R. Smith and Attorney-General Thorne for the prosecution.

JUST received, the latest style of Hoop Skirts at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main st. †

EPIPHANY.—To-day is Epiphany, or twelfth day—the old Christmas. It is called twelfth day as being that number of days after Christmas, and Epiphany from a Greek word, signifying "appearance." It was first celebrated as a separate day from Christmas about 813, A. D., formerly being a part of the Christmas holiday. There will be worship in the Roman and Anglican churches to-day as on other holy days.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS.—A very fair house greeted the *Lady of the Lake* last night, at this, our *par excellence*, place of resort. Mr. Hamilton as "James Fitz James," Mr. Higgins as "Roderic Dhu," Mrs. Lanagan as "Ellen," and Mrs. Taylor as "Blanche," were all most excellent, and the house more than once showed their appreciation of each character. The play for this evening is *The Streets of New York*, for the benefit of Mr. Hamilton. We hope the house may be crowded, and that the benefit may be a rouser, for never did an actor merit more at the hands of a theater-going public than Mr. Hamilton. He is a gentleman in every sense of the word, and a most excellent actor—one whose modesty alone is all that prevents his being a "star."

THE GAYETIES.—This new institution bids fair soon to outstrip anything that has ever been attempted in our city before in the way of genuine variety entertainment. The management have selected a most admirable corps of artists and actors, and deserve the support of that portion of the public who love such a style of amusement. We shall take occasion to speak personally of the various ladies and gentlemen employed at an early date.

THE VARIETIES was, as usual, full of a laughter-loving crowd, who enjoyed the comicalities presented until their sides ached. Manager Broom has a good company, and is doing a good business in the line of "amusing the public."

THE STEAM MAN.—This humbug, worthy of Barnum in his palmiest days, drew quite a crowd of gulls yesterday—ourself among the number. "Live and learn" is an old motto—one well exemplified in this last Yankee humbug.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of Flaherty & Walsh has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be conducted in future by Jas. Flaherty & Co., the senior member of which, Mr. Flaherty, has been a resident of this city for twenty years, and is as well known as any man upon the Bluff. To those needing their services we would say give them a call and we guarantee satisfaction.

GREAT reduction in Ladies' Underwear at Rice & Engel's. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Seventeenth Quarterly Statement

—OF THE—

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

—ON THE—

Morning of the First Monday in January, 1869.

RESOURCES:

Notes and bills discounted		$ 282,684 57
U. S. Securities, at par	$300,000 00	
City of Memphis Securities, cost	45,155 57—	345 155 57
Banking House		45,000 00
Overdrafts		8,166 00
Cash on hand, including Checks on City Banks	329,355 12	
Due us from Banks (Sight Exchange)	237,877 65—	567,945 92
		$1,248,952 06

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$200,000 00	
Surplus Funds	43,386 64	
Profit and Loss, net	24,945 58—	268,032 22
Dividends Unpaid		180 00
Circulating Notes		174,750 00
Individual Deposits	727 159 50	
Government Deposits	60,409 64	
Due to Banks and Bankers	18,440 61—	806,009 74
		$1,248,952 06

ja5 C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President.

Dissolution.

THE firm of WIGGS, CHEEK & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. J. Wiggs is authorized to settle the business of said firm. J. M. WIGGS,
J. W. PAGE, JR.,
January 4, 1869. [ja5] GEO. W. CHEEK.

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,

No. 177 Main Street,

Near Overton Hotel, Woodruff Block,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddlery, Harness, Bridles, Collars

Whips and Hardware.

☞ A new stock just received. ja3

A. O. SHULTZ,

PRACTICAL

Locksmith, Safemaker and Machinist,

No. 119 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Established in Memphis 1856.

BURGLAR and Fire-proof Safes made and repaired.
Light Machinery, Printing Presses, etc., repaired.
Iron Doors, Shutters and Vaults made.
Locks repaired or made to order.
Bells hung and repaired.
☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
My celebrated COTTON AUGERS always on hand, and Cotton Scales sharpened. ja3

DRUGS, ETC.

TH

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, January 5, 1869.

FINANCE.

There is no change to report in money matters to-day. Rates of exchange remain steady, while the offerings and demand are both active.

	Buying.	Selling par.
New England	½@¾ dis.	"
New York	½@¾ dis.	"
St. Louis	¾ "	"
Cincinnati	¾ "	"
Louisville	¾ "	"
New Orleans	¾ "	1-32@1000 p'm

City Bonds will no doubt be a leading feature in our market hereafter. They will be manipulated by rings—be cried down by some and up by others—all having some object in view. Be this as it may, the interest is being paid, and there are some who think that 12 per cent. well secured is a very fair interest for money, and those persons will no doubt be on the market to take all held by the timid as well as by those who are unable to hold. We note sales to-day of $10,000 at 48½, and $10,000 at 49¾, ex coupons.

City Scrip is quiet. We can learn of no demand. Dealers ask 78@80¢, but refuse to buy, having all they want on hand. It is expected that the demand will again improve about the 20th inst.

County Warrants are steady. There are no offerings and dealers are not anxious to buy. We quote at 75@76c buying. Selling at 78@80¢.

Police Scrip is firm at 93@94c buying. Selling at 96@97c.

School Scrip is quiet at 90@92c buying. Selling at 94@95c.

Gold opened in New York at 135¾ and declined gradually, closing at 134¾c. Exchange higher, 9¼@10¾c. We note a sale of $1000 gold in this market by a dealer at 135c. Buying at 134@134¼c.

Owing to the late hour at which the quarterly statement of the First National Bank was sent to us last night, we could not call the attention of our readers to it. The statement appeared this morning, and the Bank's deposits show a very flattering balance on the side of our citizens. Evidences of prosperity evinced in this way are tangible, and bid us hope for great things in the future.

The common custom of New York commission merchants, factors and bankers, having temporary charge of merchandise, to insure it in mutual companies, charging the whole premium to the owners, and retaining for themselves any scrip dividends which might be made by the insurance companies, has been stopped, and by a decision of the Supreme Court. A recent case, which was made the test, cleared the commission merchants $2800 in scrip dividends, and cost the owners $7000 for premium.

The foreign immigration returns of the past year show a falling off of thirty thousand in the arrivals at New York as compared with last year. So far as the Irish are concerned, the emigration to this country will be less hereafter than it has been in previous years, owing to the drying up of the source of supply in Ireland itself. The decrease of German emigration to America can be accounted for on the idea prevalent in Europe, that the demand for labor and the reward for labor here at this time are less than they have been in other years.

Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Harland has issued a supplemental regulation concerning the tax on distilled spirits. They are intended to secure correctness and uniformity in the monthly reports of business. It is provided, among other things, that having found the quantity of material used, they will then determine the quantity of spirits which should be accounted for from this quantity of material, and if they have no more definite means of determining this they will determine from the character of the material used, what quantity of spirits a bushel of such material should yield, and calculate the product to be accounted for, or the required production accordingly; the number of days upon which the per diem capacity tax is to be issued, while the number of days since the date of commencement in the month inclusive, less Sundays and days upon which operations have been legally suspended. The acting commissioner has also issued instructions as to the survey of distilleries, in which it is stated that, in estimating the number of dry inches to be allowed for fermentation, the assessor, and person designated to assist him, must, of course, be governed in a great measure by the depth of the fermenting tubs. From the best information received, it is believed that a fair allowance will be from three to seven dry inches for corn, and any admixture of corn and rye not exceeding one-half rye to one-half corn, and from seven to twelve dry inches for rye, and any mixture of rye exceeding one-half.

COTTON.

There was no opening dispatch from Liverpool to-day. At 1:30 p.m. the market was active with sales of 15,000 bales, Uplands 11¼d. Orleans 11¾.

The New York market opened quiet but firm. At noon holders were asking an advance and buyers were cautious, asking for Low Middlings 27c, Middlings 27½c, Orleans 28c, Good Middlings 28½c. At 1 p.m. the demand was fair and prices firm; sales at 26½ for Low Middlings, 27¼c for Uplands, 27¾ for Orleans, and 28½c for Good Middlings. At 1:30 p.m. the demand was fair and prices higher, Low Middlings 27c, Middlings 27½c, Orleans 28c, Good Middlings 28½c. At 1:50 p.m. the demand was fair and prices firm, and at 5 p.m. there was no change, Uplands 27½c. Sales, 2700 bales.

In New Orleans, at 11:30 a.m., holders were asking an advance, but buyers were cautious. At 2:15 p.m. the demand was active and prices were advanced ¼c. Sales, 6000 bales. Middlings, 26c.

Our market has been excited and has steadily advanced since the opening with an active inquiry from both spinners and speculators. Holders towards the close hardly knew what to ask for their tables, and preferred to wait until to-morrow to ponder upon the matter. We give the following sales, and explain that the irregularity of prices is only the difference between sales early in the day and those made later.

Ordinary	22	bales at 25½
Good Ordinary	236 62, 10, 4, 15, 46..	" 26½
	22, 18	" 26¾
Low Middlings	400 Good Ord. and Low Middlings	" 25
	12, 40, 79, 20, 66	" 25
	32	" 25¼
	188, 58, 28, 24, 37, 6..	" 25½
	34	" 25¾
	6, 8, 5	" 26
Middlings	500 shy Mids	" 26¼
	77, 6	" 26½
	3', 2, 6, 7, 23, 27	" 26
	28	" 26¾
	42	" 26¾
Strict Middlings	88, 9	" 26¾
	16	" 27

At the close holders asked as follows:

Ordinary	24 @—
Good Ordinary	25 @—
Low Middling	26¾@26¾
Middlings	26¾@27
Strict Middlings	27½@—
Good Middlings	@—

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, January 5, 1869.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,130	
Received previously	134,592	135,722
		135,769
Exported to-day	1,370	
Exported previously	123,127	124,457
Stock on hand at 12 m		11,312

TRADE.

Business was good to-day, and as soon as the roads improve we may expect a decided improvement in all branches of trade.

Of the Louisville hog market the *Democrat* says: The season of hog killing and pork packing around the falls has closed from the fact that the supply is exhausted. The packers from the opening to the close paid the highest prices for hogs for packing, and the receipts in consequence have been increased far beyond their expectations, under the impression that the "hog crop" was short, the supplies coming from Eastern and Southern Tennessee, and from districts in Kentucky that heretofore sent their stock to other marts. The supplies at other leading points, however, have been equal to last season, and the crop is likely to fully equal, if it does not exceed the last one. Prices last season opened low, and at the close the product commanded very high figures, which the stocks exhausted. This stimulated prices this season, which, with a rather unexpected good demand, has caused an early advance in the product, with, as some contend, very little margin left for a further enhancement of rates. The cost of the hogs the "raw material," this season has been fully thirty-three per cent. over and above that of last season, while, as the transactions this week indicate, prices now are not either actually or relatively as high as last year. The opening rates for good hogs for packing this season were 7@7½ gross, delivered here in the city on the 9th of November, with a steady advance to 9½@9¾c, live weight, and some extra lots at 9¾, the highest rate of the season. The opening rates of the previous year were 6½@7c gross, with a few sales during the season at 7¼. The total packing for the season was 167,933 head. Total in 1867-8, 140,980. Total 1866-7, 171,428.

During the week ending December 26th the Henderson, Ky., tobacco market was active and offerings light. Upwards of 1,300,000 pounds were sold in crops at prices ranging from $10 to $12 for good and lugs. Two crops of 50 000 pounds sold at $12 50 for good and lugs, besides some 75 000 pounds of inferior grades by the wagon load, from $6 to $10 round for good and lugs.

A recent Galveston (Texas) price current says:

The season is sufficiently advanced to enable us to determine approximately as to the amount of cotton and other produce to be received here of the present crop. The former estimates made public in this circular, placed the cotton crop at 150,000 to 160,000 bales, and we now have reason to believe that the side estimate will be nearer correct. The receipts of hides will probably reach 300,000, or an increase of 100 000 over last year. The receipts of tallow, so largely augmented by the beef packeries, will, it is estimated, quadruple last year. The receipts of mess beef the last three weeks are some 3116 barrels and tierces, and it is estimated that 1000 barrels per week will be sent forward through this city, during the business season, and last year hardly 2000 barrels were received during the entire season. The receipts of pecans are much heavier than last season, but have failed to come up to anticipations. The receipts of Texas corn have been something over 10,000 sacks, consumed in this city, and for several months we may expect the demand will be entirely supplied from the interior.

INSURANCE.

Statement of the Condition

—OF THE—

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company.

—ON THE—

1st Day of November, 1868

The Name of the Company is

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

It is Located in Hartford, Connecticut.

Being a purely Mutual Company, it has no Capital Stock.

The assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in hands of agents and other persons	$ 150,776 52
Real Estate unencumbered	149,500 00
United States Bonds, par value	3,000,000 00
State of Connecticut, par value	1,000,000 00
City of Evansville, Ind	10,000 00
City of Toledo, Ohio	20,000 00
Bank and railroad stocks owned by Co. pany	62,205 00
Loans on bond and mortgage, being first liens on unencumbered real estate, worth double the amount loaned	6,662,454 81
Debts otherwise secured	240,065 00
Debts for premiums, notes bearing interest	9,186,139 98
All other securities, including premiums in hands of agents and trustees	694,891 25
Total assets	$21,094,920 60

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	$396,250 00
Losses unadjusted	50,0 0 00
All other claims against the Company and dividends not due, estimated	800,0 0 0
Total liabilities	$ 86,250 00

The largest am't insured in one risk.....$25,000 00
Amount in other Companies, unlimited.
Amount in any one block, "

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, }
County of Hartford. }

Guy R. Phelps, President, and Woolbridge S. Olmsted, Secretary of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of said Company; that the said Insurance Company is the bonafide owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual cash capital, invested in State and United States stocks and bonds, or in bonds and mortgages of real estate unencumbered, and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and that they state the above described officers of said Insurance Company.

GUY R. PHELPS, President.
W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this the 30th day of November, 1868.
GEO. S. GILMAN, Notary Public.

Know all men by these presents, that the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., do hereby authorize Benjamin F. White, Jr., Attorney in the State of Tennessee, for and on behalf of said Company, to accept and acknowledge service of all process whether mesne or final in any action or proceeding against said Company in any of the Courts of said State of Tennessee, and it is hereby admitted and agreed that such service of the process aforesaid shall be taken and held to be valid and sufficient in that behalf the same as if served upon said Company according to the laws and practice of said state, or of any other State, and all claims or rights of error by reason of the manner of such service is he eby expressly waived and relinquished.

Witness our hands and the seal of the Company, this 1st 30th day of November, 1868.
GUY R. PHELPS, President.
W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, TENN., December 12, 1868. }

I certify that the foregoing is a copy of the original statement of the Company now on file in my office.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller.

STATE OF TENNESSEE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869.

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the state of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that Carpenter & white, Agents of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases; wherefore, said Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Shelby county, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

CARPENTER & WHITE,

Agents,

45 Madison Street,

ja4 Kit William's Block.

Cotton Seed Wanted.

THE Memphis Oil Company will purchase a few hundred tons COTTON SEED, for which cash will be paid. Sacks will be furnished on application.

ja3 T. A. NELSON, Treasurer.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

To MADISON and LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.
Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
oc2 General Superintendent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Orleans Express, daily,	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight daily, except Sunday	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aug16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m
Through Express	11:10 p.m.	9:00 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		5:05 a.m
Grand Junction Accommodation, daily (except Sund'ys)	8:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m
Somerville Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves at	12:40 p.m.	5:05 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Railroad Time is 30 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	8:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	3:15 p.m.	6:25 a.m
" City time	2:35 p.m.	

BROWNSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time 4:30 p.m
" City time 4:10 p.m
Arrive 9:30 a.m
Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was beautiful and clear. It was hardly as warm as on the preceding day, and the sky had hardly a cloud upon its surface. The nights are pleasantly cool. The rise in the river during the past twenty-four hours amounted to 18 inches, and the bar in front of Hopefield will be out of sight this morning. Late reports from the Arkansas record the rise in that river as still going on. White river is bank full by this time, and Little Red is reported to be coming out in force.

Arrivals.

Steamer Continental, St. Louis.
" Norman, Evansville.
" Magenta, New Orleans.
" Guidon, Pine Bluff.
" Argosy, Arkansas river.

Departures.

Steamer Tempest, Louisville.
" Silver Moon, Cincinnati.
" Myrtle, Hale's Point.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.
" Des Arc, White river.
" St. Francis, St. Francis river.

In Port.

Guidon, Liberty, Norman, Argosy, R. P. Converse, Magenta.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business was moderately active upon the levee yesterday. The up stream packets got fair trips of cotton, and the White river packet went out with a splendid trip.

The tempest left for Louisville with 150 bales of cotton.

The Silver Moon left for Cincinnati with 2217 tales and a good passenger trip.

The Commercial has been dropped down to the lower levee, and the Liberty will follow in day or two. They will lay up for the present.

Capt. Harrison Blasdell and Ed. Outlaw, clerk of the Ozark, were in the city yesterday. Ed. has left for a short visit to the Crescent City.

The Argosy attempted to tow the Ozark to this port, but owing to heavy drift in the Arkansas was unable to bring her further than Red Fork.

The snag boat S. H. Long left for below on Monday evening.

The R. P. Converse is lying at the levee. Her future is uncertain.

We regret to state that Capt. J. B. Davis is again unwell and confined to his room.

The Argosy leaves to-morrow for Little Rock and way points on the Arkansas. She is a good passenger packet. Capt. Tom Berry is master, and Mr. Morrison is her chief clerk.

The Norman lays over until to-day to keep some engagements. She leaves at 5 p.m. for Evansville and all way landings. Capt. Hewett commands, and Geo. W. Twomey has charge of the office.

The splendid steamer Magenta, Capt. J. Frank Hicks, will get away at her regular hour to-day for the bends, Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans. To passengers she offers splendid fare, luxurious beds and excellent company. With but little freight to handle she will make a quick trip. John Sullivan and Mr. Green are her pursers, and Frank Smith is her incomparable steward.

The St. Francis got away on time.

The drift in the Arkansas is heavier than ever was known before. That stream rose 3½ feet on Friday night at Pine Bluff, and broke the wharfboat loose. It was caught by the Guidon and landed at some point below. When the Guidon came out the river was within about three feet of being out of its banks, and was still going up rapidly.

The Sam. Hale, Capt. Walker, leaves on Thursday for Cairo and Cincinnati.

The Dan Able, Capt. Gross, with Alex Waddell in the office, leaves to-morrow for New Orleans and all way landings.

Capt. Clay Rice will back out the Guidon to-day for Pine Bluff and all intermediate points. The Guidon will hereafter make weekly trips hence to Pine Bluff, and is a valuable acquisition to the trade, being safe, fast and well officered. Garrett Huls, who has her office in charge, is, like Dr. Clay, a popular officer.

Steamboats running to points in Arkansas now take exceptions on bills lading against robbery by armed militia. The same precautions are taken by boats landing at Osceola.

Eight men, including Mr. Reed, Indian agent at Fort Peck, Montana, while on their way down the Missouri river to the wreck of the steamer Amelia, four miles below Fort Peck, were attacked by three hundred Indians. Four men, named McGregor, Thomas, Steve and Saber, were instantly killed, and one man, named Solomon, severely wounded. The Indians cut off and carried away the dead McGregor and Steve, and also captured a train belonging to the party, loaded with provisions valued at $1000.

The Westmoreland, bound down, collided with the bank at or near Evansville, and had to discharge her cargo to keep from sinking. She goes on the ways.

The Missouri is open at St. Joseph, with no immediate prospect of closing.

The House committee of the Alabama Legislature have reported in favor of opening the Cahaba river to navigation.

FOR HALE'S POINT.

Memphis and Hale's Point Packet.

For Randolph, Fulton, Osceola and Hale's Point.

The Sidewheel Passenger Packet

MYRTLE.....Captain W. C. Hardwick

WILL leave Memphis as above every Tuesday and Saturday, commencing Wednesday, November 25th, and will remain permanently in the trade, and by strict attention to business trusts to receive the patronage of shippers.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
254 Front street.
MART WALT & CO., Agents,
No. 272 Front street.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER GEORGE W. CHEEK leaves Memphis every day for Mound City at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2½ and 4½ p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., and 1½ and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

jy11 WARE R. CHEEK, Master.

Owner Wanted

FOR one Sewing Machine, received per steamer Luminary, consigned to J. Leroy. Memphis, Tenn. If not called for within thirty (30) days, will be sold to pay charges.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent.
de27 1m Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

SAM. J. HALE.....Walker master

This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave
THURSDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
No. 12 Jefferson street.
ja6

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Weekly Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

NORMAN.....Howell master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ja6 75 Madison Street.

FOR PINE BLUFF.

Regular Arkansas River Wednesday Packet—For Helena, Friar's Point and Pine Bluff.

GUIDON.....Rice master

This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above
THIS DAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
ja6 No. 290 Front street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River United States Mail Packet.

ARGOSY.....Tom Berry master

This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THURSDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m.
T. A. LENDIG, Agent,
ja5 304 Front st., Busby Block.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MAGENTA.....Hicks Master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
THIS DAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
ja6 No. 290 Front street.

Regular New Orleans Packet—For Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans.

DAN ABLE.....E. F. Gross master

This fine passenger packet will leave for the above on
THURSDAY, 7th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
ja6 No. 12 Jefferson street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MAGENTA.....Hicks Master

This mammoth freight steamer will leave as above on
WEDNESDAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight only apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ja3 75 Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MAGENTA.....Hicks master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave
WEDNESDAY, 6th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
MART WALT & CO.,
ja3 Agents, 272 Front street.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Geo. W. Boyd, Master
J. S. Sounis, Clerk.

THIS splendid steamer will enter the trade as a regular SATURDAY PACKET, leaving Memphis

Saturday, November 28, at 5 p.m.,

And every alternate Saturday thereafter throughout the season.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
No. 75½ Madison street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
nov14 tf No. 290 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular White, Black and Current River Packet.

LADY WITHAUP.....Capt. Chas. Beers
Sid H. Humphrey, Clerk.

THIS packet will make Weekly Trips from Jacksonport, Ark., up Black river to Pocahontas and Poplar Bluff, and up Current river to Doniphan. She will make close connections at Jacksonport with the

Steamer Des Arc Every Saturday.

Shippers and passengers may rely on her punctuality. des 1m

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Saturday St. Francis River Packet.

For Madison, Wiltsburg and all Way Landings

LINTON.....Jim Snell, Master
LESLIE WARE, Clerk.

THIS steamer will leave as above every SATURDAY during the season, returning, leave Wiltsburg every TUESDAY, at 2 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
ja3 254 Front street.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Wiltsburg and St. Francis River,

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and will REGULARLY THEREAFTER.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov19 tf No. 75½ Madison street.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Compa'y.

THE elegant passenger packet THOMAS H. ALLEN, built expressly for this Company, has now taken her place in the line, and hereafter the following trips will leave Memphis as heretofore,

Mondays & Thursdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

And returning, leave Little Rock MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 o'clock a.m.

THOMAS H. ALLEN.....Reese Pritchard, Master
W. A. WADDELL.....Alex Waddell, Clerk.
OZARK.....H. Bassett, Master

Connecting at Little Rock with the Company's new and light-draught packets for Fort Smith. Close connections made both ways.

AMERICAN.....Jno. W. Williams, Master
FORT SMITH.....James Sowlin, Master
VAN BUREN.....Jos. Bennett, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for the trade, and are in every way well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by the line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, at Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, Napoleon, Ark.

Freight received at any time at the Company's office. JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
de25 tf 254 Front street, Busby Block.

'Old Reliable' Memphis and White-River U. S. Mail Packet Company,

Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock, p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Devall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.

The Liberty, No. 2, and Mayflower will make close connections at the mouth of White river with the steamer Guidon for Pine Bluff. Fare to Pine Bluff, $12 00; Freight, 50 cents per 100 pounds.

The steamers Economist and Hamilton will run between Little Rock and Fort Smith in connection with this line and the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Through receipts given for freight to all points between Little Rock and Fort Smith.

Insurance one-half per cent. LESS by this route than any other.

JOHN H. DAVIS, Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc29 tf No. 290 Front Row.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk's. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents,
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 290 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
au13 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

S. STERNBERG & CO.,

Removed from 334 Front,

To 200 Front.

☞ Wholesale dealers in TOBACCO AND CIGARS. nov5 tf

REMOVAL.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO., 300 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

MAYER & MARSHUETZ, 150 Water Street, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CIGARS

And Wholesale Dealers in

Tobacco, Pipes, and all Kinds of Smokers' Articles,

No. 300 MAIN STREET,

sep30 6m MEMPHIS, TENN.

BANKS AND BANINKG

S. H. TOBEY, Pres't. ED. C. KIRK, Cashier

CITY BANK

—LATE—

(Memphis City Savings Institution),

CORNER

JEFFERSON AND FRONT STS.,

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING AND Brokerage Business.

DEPOSITS IN COIN OR CURRENCY Received subject to Check as in all regular Banks.

INTEREST PAID ONLY ON TIME DEposits.

LOANS NEGOTIATED on Approved Collaterals.

Orders for the Purchase or Sale of Stocks, Bonds or Gold promptly executed at the New York Boards on Liberal Commission.

Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Southern and Miscellaneous Securities.

COLLECTIONS made on ALL points in the United States and Canada. jn1

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH.
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS,
President.
C. P. NORRIS,
Vice-President.
sep1 tf

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.
de8 6m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, A. B. VACCARO

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
nov28

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time he has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper-berry of Italy, and rectified by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirit every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effect produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a variation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the West, the South, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of dropsy, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

It is put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases, with the name of the undersigned on the bottle and cork, and a fac-simile of his signature on the label. For sale by all respectable druggists and country merchants.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Manufacturer and Importer.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,

sep11 eod2 Agents, Memphis

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM DEVILLE, the world-renowned Clairvoyant, can be consulted on the past, present and future, at her rooms, 149 MAIN STREET, third door above Overton Hotel. Communications, with $1 and stamp, answered promptly. de15 1m*

PHYSICIANS.

DR. RUSSELL'S

DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY

MEMPHIS, TENN.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1859, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, Fits, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all the diseases arising from the indiscretion of youth, permanently cured. Also, Chronic Diseases in all their forms effectually cured at the above named institution—Dr. RUSSELL, Consulting Physician.

☞ Treatise on Chronic Diseases furnished free on application. jn1

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,

233 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straighten Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates.
au16 daw tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Dissolution and New Firm.

THE firm of WALLACE & GIBSON has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be conducted by Messrs. R. Wallace, N. A. Van Pelt and A. D. Gibson. The outstanding business will be settled by the new firm, who assume all liabilities, and to whom all payment of debts must be made.

WALLACE & GIBSON.

MEMPHIS, December 31, 1868.

R. WALLACE, N. A. VAN PELT, A. D. GIBSON.

WALLACE, VAN PELT & GIBSON,

—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 269 1-2 Main Street,

(Opposite Court Square.) MEMPHIS, TENN.
ja1

J. M. GOODBAR, J. E. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants. sep6

INSURANCE.

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000

Security, by Law of State of Ohio,

$2,000,000.

ENTERPRISE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF CINCINNATI.

THOMAS SHERLOCK, - - - President

DIRECTORS—R. M. Bishop, of R. M. Bishop & Co.; Theo. Cook, of Baker, Hart & Cook; Joseph C. Butler, President Lafayette Bank; E. Hull, of Addy, Hull & Co.; A. N. Winslow, of Winslow & Smith; Charles Rike, of C. Rike & Coleman; Adolph Wood, of Adolph Wood & Co.; John Shillito, of John Shillito & Co.; A. D. Bullock, of A. D. Bullock & Co.; B. T. Woodrow, of Woodrow, Mears & Co.; Allen Collier, of John Swasey & Co.; L. A. Harris, ex-Mayor of Cincinnati; James Glenn, of William Glenn & Sons.

W. M. RICHARDSON, Secretary. W. B. CASSILLY, Vice-Pres't.
J. DEWALDEN CHURCHILL, Supervisor.
H. VAN DE BURGH, Agent.
nov26 No. 22 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Assets over - $3,000,000 00

THE Ætna Insurance Company is the Trustee of its patrons to an extent ten fold greater than its own stockholders.

In 19 Years It has Paid for

Five thousand (5000) dwelling houses and contents.
Twenty-two hundred (2200) schools, churches and colleges.
Eight hundred (8000) stores and merchandise.
Forty-four hundred (4400) mills and manufactories.
Twenty-two hundred (2200) shipments by lake and river. Making a Total of

Losses Paid of - $23,000,000 00

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks.

☞ Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Application for insurance will be promptly attended to.

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent,
nov26 No. 22 Madison Street.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH

—OF THE—

KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
R. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. R. J. Semmes & Co.
CHARLES G. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STEAWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICE, M.D.

GENERAL